THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 79

FOR RENT.

OFFICE FOR RENT.—The office, No. 9 Madison street, now occupied by Manhattan Savings Bank, formerly Levy & Bore. Inquire on premises. nov20 1w

FOR RENT.—On Valentine avenue, two and a half miles from the city, my residence, containing eight rooms, bedroom, kitchen, servant's rooms, carriage house, stable, good cistern and well, all in good repair, with twenty or thirty-four acres. MRS. S. A. PAINE. nov9 1m.

FOR RENT FURNISHED HOUSE.—The residence of J. Stanwood Meeker, Brinkley avenue, north of Poplar, furnished entire, will be rent at a low rate to a party of undoubted responsibility. no15 tf

For Rent.

A LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE ON Front Row, between Court and Jefferson, suitable for Provisions, etc.—one of the best stands in the city. Also, a splendid large front Cotton Office, over the same.

Apply to J. J. ANDREWS,
nov21tf Commercial Hotel.

FOR RENT.—A Front room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINS 18, at the appeal office. oc27

FOR SALE.

CHAMBER SET FOR SALE.—A very elegant Chamber set of rosewood Furniture, with pearl; new Brussels Carpet, now in use by a gentleman and lady, who design giving up their room, can be bought at a sacrifice by applying at 45 madison street. nov2 3t a

FOR SALE—Saloon, Fixtures, Stock and Boarding House Furniture, corner of Chelsea and Second streets, adjoining Fleck's stock Yard. Apply on the premises. M BILGER. nov 9 1w

FOR SALE.—I wish to sell my present Homestead lying within 300 yards of Horn Lake De ot, Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad containing 60 cres 45 in cultivation and balance in timber, one half of the place is good branch bottom, balance gently undulated. The improvement are tolerably good consisting of dwelling, outhouses, negro quarters, etc. I will sell low if for y application made to me on the premises. T. J. LE TEX.

FOR SALE.—Suit in Probate Court at Holly Springs, Miss., to sell and convey Judge Redman's interest in said lands. For information to counsel will be had on the 15th inst. at Holly Springs, at which time and place the undersigned and learn terms, which will be accommodating. R. R. REA II and A. M. LEWIS, Assignees. nov14 1w

For Sale.

ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 12TH, I will sell, to the highest bidder, at Mason's Depot, a tract of land containing 612 Acres situated in Tipton county, two miles north of Mason's Depot. Terms made known at time of sale. H. H. and J. L. SHERROD.
nov18 law4w w Administrators.

FOR SALE.—A first-class distillery. Machinery, etc., etc., entirely new, and in good order. Will be sold low if immediate application is made. Apply to D. his agent Hand 1ph road, north of Wolf river bridge, or at Britton's Ale House, 28 Front nov11 6m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 28 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Tredevant & Co., my agents, in the city.
jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with either boarding and lodging or day board, at 44 Beal street, up-stairs. nov6 tf

NOTICES.

Notice.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of John M. Johnson, deceased, by virtue of an order of the honorable Probate Court of Arkansas county, will proceed to sell the real estate of said John M. Johnson, which consists in 672 acres of land in Arkansas county, near Mt. Adams, to the highest bidder; said sale to take place on the premises of the late deceased, near Mt. Adams, on the 24TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D., 1868. A credit of twelve months will be given to the purchaser, executing his bond with two good and approved securities, with a lien retained upon the property for the payment of the same. There are one hundred acres cleared land, good double log houses and out houses.
SAMUEL J. JOHNSON,
nov11 law4w Administrator.

Notice.

AT the next (December) term of the County Court of Shelby county, I will apply to the said Court to have an administrator appointed upon the estate of William Ross, deceased.
R. N. ROSS.
November 9, 1868. nov10 law4w

NOTICE.

PERSONS having business with us will find our Agent, Mr. H. W. BRADFORD, fully authorized to make settlement at the store of Messrs. A. Vaccaro & Co., 324 Front street.
nov8 1m W. R. HILL & CO.

LAWYERS.

CHAS. A. CHOATE,
COUNSELOR AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Bankruptcy,
Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the *Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty* nov15 1y

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States, Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, at that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. ly sep10 ly

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK, LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,

In the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, Lumber.

OLDEST lumber-merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1857. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Mouldings, Weatherboarding, Gutters and Scaffolding. We deal instead to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river. sep18 dawtm M. & J. W. COCHRAN.

DAILY APPEAL

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A REDUCTION OF

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POLITICAL NEWS.

—A large number of carpet-baggers have left New Orleans in disgust.

—Thurlow Weed comes back healthy and vigorous; which looks bad for Greeley.

—Carpet-baggers in Texas have at last found honest employment. They write letters for loyal negroes at two bits each.

—Government contractors at Salt Lake buy flour at $9 per barrel and turn it over at $25. What's the use of having a Government if you can't make anything out of it?

—The *National Intelligencer*, of the 16th, promises Grant earnest and generous support, in whatever he may project for the restoration of peace to our distracted country.

—The Paymaster-General suggests that Congress fix March 4th, 1869, as the date before which all claims for additional bounty must be presented, in order that business may be closed up before the end of the present fiscal year.

—Iowa has just adopted negro suffrage, an event which is given a crowning glory by the election of a full blooded negro to the office of justice of the peace in Winterset, Madison county, in that State.

—Gov. Fletcher, of Missouri, sent three boxes of arms to Audrain county to preserve the peace at the election, but somebody quietly made away with them and preserved the peace, in that way, still more effectually.

—The New York *World* is Jenkinsizing Grant. It has done his eating, drinking, sleeping and swearing, and, at last accounts, was on his washing. Considering the amount of traveling he has done lately it has a heavy job on its hands.

—The committee who have been investigating the competency of examiners in the Patent Office, have determined to discharge a number of them for incompetency. Much litigation will be avoided by superseding these officials by persons qualified for the position.

—In the Fourth District of Tennessee, Tillman, the Republican candidate for Congress has received the certificate Sneade, Democrat, had 850 majority on a square vote; but, after the election was over, there were just enough votes thrown out to declare Tillman elected.

—Under the "universal suffrage" doctrine of the Radicals, it is hard to predict what the future political complexion of California will be. There are 62,000 rat-eating Chinamen in that State, who contend they are as well qualified, and quite as entitled to vote as the nigger.

—Brownlow has again positively refused to fill a vacancy in the Supreme Court by an appointment recommended by most of the leading Radicals in East Tennessee. The General Assembly is preparing to compel him to do so. The breach between him and those who are anxious to control affairs when he goes to the United States Senate is daily growing wider.

—It is understood that the President now declines to nominate an officer for promotion to the vacancy left by Brig. Gen. Hooper on his retirement. The only reason for his failure to nominate, it is said, is the certainty that Congress, at its next session, will make a considerable reduction in the army, and as the President favors the proposed reduction, it is more than probable that the vacancy will not be filled.

—What in the world can Andy Johnson have been doing? Horace Greeley says of him: "Mr. Andrew Johnson is a man of many faults, but venality is not among them. We knew him in Congress, when many men were accurately weighed and measured; he has since filled almost every important station, made many bitter enemies, and waged deadly war against men abler and stronger than himself; yet he has never been even charged with filling his own pocket at the public cost."

—Gov. Brownlow, through the Knoxville *Whig*, has commenced what is really a war of extermination against the few remaining rebels left in East Tennessee. In the last issue the following language is used: Every such man, like every jory of the war of Independence, finds himself among neighbors whom he lately wronged. He is an object of hatred and he knows it. More than that, he is among hosts of enemies, and therefore helpless.

—The attention of Secretary Seward has been called to a telegraphic dispatch from Washington to New York, Cincinnati and other papers, in which it is asserted that the British Government had receded from its position in regard to the joint occupation of San Juan, which Secretary Seward pronounced as destitute of foundation. He also pronounced the various statements recently emanating from the same source, relative to our alleged settlement of the Alabama claims, as simply the merest conjectures, and devoid of any truth.

—Between the Blairs and the Washburnes the republic has been torn to pieces, as France was between Guise and Orleans. The *Herald* says the Blairs are now finally squelched, and the Washburne star is culminating. There are several of them, to-wit: Elihu Washburne, Elias Washburne, Elijah Washburne, Elisha Washburne, Abiss Washburne, Azariah Washburne, Hez kiah Washburne, Hezl Washburne, Orish Washburne, Obadiah Washburne, and several others not recollected, all loyal—all in the public service and all happy.

—Sam Cox goes to Congress from one of the New York districts, by a large majority. He is a very lucky fellow if he is a Democrat. He was pretty generally supported by the Republicans of the district. The Ohio *State Journal* says of him: "After this we shall be surprised at nothing in the onward career of Cox. If he insinuates himself into Grant's cabinet or becomes a formidable rival of Cardinal Bonaparte for the papal chair and turns up as the successor of Pius IX. before the end of the year, we shall not be discomposed with astonishment."

—The New York *Mail* announces that *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times* will soon drop the word "Wilkes" from its heading, and says: "The reason for this is quite obvious. It is well known that Mr. Geo. Wilkes is an intimate friend of Gen. Grant, and that he aspires to high political position. When Gen. Grant becomes President, Mr. Wilkes will not want for a good fat office. Indeed, he may be the next collector for the port of New York! But it would not look very well to have a sporting man appointed to such a position, and so Mr. Wilkes gracefully withdraws his name from a sporting paper."

—The Hon. H. V. Miller, Senator elect from Georgia, in a letter to a friend in this city, says: "I placed myself in opposition to nearly all my friends, by frankly accepting the terms tendered in the Reconstruction acts. It speaks well for their generosity and tolerance, and is not a little gratifying to me, that, while I actively and openly opposed them, I retained their confidence, and they will understand that I will, as a citizen or a Senator, offer no factious opposition to Gen. Grant's administration. On the contrary, so far as it is consistent with my duty to the country and obligations to the Constitution, I will sustain it."

—The Philadelphia *Ledger* says upon female suffrage: The grounds upon which Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell claimed a right to vote were very clearly stated by her to the officers of election, and as certain facts in the early history of New Jersey are mentioned, it may not be uninteresting to give the arguument of the advocates of female suffrage. Under the original constitution of New Jersey, adopted in 1776, which conferred the right of suffrage upon "all inhabitants" worth $250, women, it is asserted very generally voted until the year 1807, when the Legislature disfranchised them. The next constitution, adopted in 1844, provided that every white male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, a resident of the State for one year and of the county for five months, shall be entitled to vote for elective officers. Persons in the military employment of the United States do not acquire a residence by being stationed in New Jersey; nor are paupers, idiots, insane persons, or persons convicted of crimes which exclude them from testifying, entitled to vote. It is contended that as women were unconstitutionally prevented from voting for delegates to the Constitution of 1844, their political rights under the old constitution still remain. And it is further claimed that the constitution of 1844, while conferring the right of suffrage upon white male citizens, does not expressly limit it to that class.

—The Racine (Wis.) *Argus* says: The Radical papers of the State are claiming that Gen. Harrison C. Hobart has become converted to Radicalism, through the instrumentality of a brief sojourn in the South. No statement could be more false. In a protracted conversation the day after his return from the South, the General stated to us that he was more than ever convinced that the Radical party was hurrying the country onward to destruction; that its policy toward the South was inflaming the people with a deep seated hatred of their oppressors, extending in many sections to all Northern men—a hatred that would be perpetuated from generation to generation, unless a wiser policy was pursued. Instead of sympathizing with the Radicals, Gen. Hobart expressed himself as firmly of the opinion that conservative and conciliatory measures only would restore harmony to our distracted country."

—The Secretary of War has begun to put in operation a different system from that heretofore generally pursued in the various departments in regard to the publication of the reports of heads of Bureaus. His course is to give to the press all such reports of military commanders and subordinate officers as soon as the briefs for use in the preparation of his own reports have been made, acting on the theory that the public may as right to the information therein contained, when its publication is not prejudicial to the service. In this plan it is well understood he has Gen. Grant's concurrence. Secretary McCulloch holds to a different theory, and has expressed much dissatisfaction at the publication of the reports of his subordinates.

BANKS.

Heavy Suits Pending Against Old Institutions.

From the Nashville Banner.]

An important suit is now pending in the Chancery Court of this county, brought by William W. Woodfolk for a large amount, against the Union Bank and the Directors for said Bank for receiving about seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the war bonds of the State of Tennessee.

At the last term of the United States Court at Savannah, suits were brought against the Merchants' and Planters', Farmers' and Mechanics', and Bank of Commerce, the old banking institutions of that city, by parties holding their notes. Judgments were given, and the Marshal was unable to find any property belonging to either bank. The parties have now commenced proceedings against the stockholders of these banks as being liable for the amount claimed.

The judgment was for $400,000, about $360,000 of which is against the Merchants' and Planters' Bank. To the first named sum is to be added ten per cent. damages, interest since February last, and costs of suit, which make the total amount half a million of dollars. The suit will be a very interesting one, and as it will involve nearly all the property of many old citizens, will prooably be hotly contested. One, it is said, received notice that he would be held to answer for the modest sum of $92,000. Others are in a similar predicament, and, should the courts decide against them, the verdict would sweep away all that they have gained by years of toil. The principal parties bringing the suit are of other States, and it is very probable that the bills were, in many instances, bought at a great discount, and the original amount is now being claimed.

THE INDIANS.

Report of Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has submitted his preliminary annual report to the Secretary of the Interior. The total population of Indians he puts down at 300,000, which is rapidly decreasing, on account of disease introduced by depraved whites and whisky. He thinks a large portion of the wilder tribes manifest a disposition to emerge from the savage state. He urges amelioration of the pitiable condition of the savages, and thinks they deserve greater sympathy, and also notes that there is less interest taken in them by Christian organizations than in former years.

Many tribes are without schools, and altogether without religious institutions. He has information from the Governor of Idaho that the Indian war is virtually ended. Our military operations have been successful. Many were captured and the rest compelled to sue for peace. During the year the Indian Commission had made a treaty with the Northern Arapahoes and Cheyennes, Bannis, Sioux and Ogallalas, Navajoes and Shoshones. The main features of these treaties bind the Indians to keep peace and provide for them suitable reservations and means for education and civilization.

In accordance with the provisions of the treaty with the Sioux, the military posts, L. F. Smith, Phil. Kearney and Reno, in the Powder river country, have been abandoned, and on this point the Indians are satisfied.

The treaties made in 1867, with the tribes in Kansas, have not been ratified, with the exception of that with the Pottawatamies. Others yet await the action of the President, the concurrence of the Indians thereto having only been recently received.

The principal feature of the treaties made by Commissioner Taylor and the Governor of Colorado with the savages of that region is the removal of the latter from New Mexico and Colorado to a reservation in the latter country, and the establishment of agencies there. Some of the bands have accepted the terms, and probably all will accept. In May last a treaty was made with the Osage Indians, by which that tribe agrees to sell about eight millions of acres of land in Kansas, for sixteen millions of dollars, to the Leavenworth and Galveston Railroad Company, and they agree to remove to the Indian country South of Kansas.

A treaty was made in July at Washington with the Cherokees, supplemental to that made two years ago, and in explanation thereof. It has not yet been acted on by the Senate. A treaty made lately with the Montana Indians provides for the extinguishment of their title to a large extent of country, and for their location in districts suitable to their needs.

The Commissioner recommends that treaties be made with the Stockbridge Indians in Wisconsin and Ohio, and the Missourians in Nebraska. Both tribes are destitute, and occupy valuable lands which are of little use to them. By the sale of these lands they can be made comfortable.

No report has yet been made by the recent peace commission held at Chicago. Commissioner Taylor, of the Bureau, dissented from the views of the majority, who think the Indian Bureau should be controlled by the War Department. The Commissioner recommends Congress to make liberal provision for the destitute Indians. He also believes it a better policy to feed than to fight them. He entertains the opinion that the stoppage of supplies to the Indians, which has been agreed on in the treaty, was the cause of hostilities on the part of the savages in their attacks on settlers and emigrant trains.

The responsibility of these troubles, he says, does not rest on the Bureau, which has faithfully and earnestly represented to Congress the means to avoid them. The report recommends legislation to protect the people of Texas from invasion by Indians north of the Red river, and from Eastward, which the Commissioner thinks can be secured by the location of several military posts on the North and West border of the State.

He thinks the section of the law concerning the barter, sale, or giving of spirituous liquors should be amended so as to include cider and beer, in which Indians indulge to a great extent. In some instances breweries have been located near Indian reservations.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IN EAST TENNESSEE.

A Man Shoots his Wife and then Kills Himself Accidentally.

The Knoxville *Press and Herald* mentions a heart-rending tragedy, which occurred at Blountville, in Sullivan county, on Sunday morning last.

From the meager details we could gather, says that paper, it seems that M. Rhea—son of the late Robert H. Rhea, of that county—who for years has resided with his family in the town of Blountville, on Sunday morning, while his wife was sitting in the porch, suspecting no danger, took a pistol—a six shooter—and deliberately fired at her. The shot took effect in the side of the head, inflicting what was thought a mortal wound. The wife in terror fled out at the end of the porch, falling in the yard. Rhea, who seemed to be infuriated, pursued, and was in the act of firing again, when he fell from the porch. In the fall, the pistol was again somehow discharged, the contents entered his body, killing him instantly. The lady when last heard from was in a critical condition.

As to the cause of such horrid conduct on the part of the husband, our informant knows nothing, except that Rhea had for some time been excessively intemperate, and was probably laboring under a fit of *mania potu*.

The family are of the highest respectability, and this terrible circumstance has, no doubt, been the occasion of much excitement and sorrow in the community.

FASHIONS.

The Latest Style in Cloaks.

From the New York Evening Post.]

There is a change in the style of cloaks made up in heavy materials suitable for winter wear. They are generally made in the form of a short sack; not a full loose sack without seams, but sloped out so as to hang loosely without folds, and with a small round cape or the new French hood-cape. A style in heavy black beaver cloth is bound with satin, trimmed with satin folds, and has a small round cape, edged with deep black silk bullion fringe. An entirely new style has a close fitting body; the skirt is plain in front, the back full and caught up, pannier style, and a small French cape with a hood; the point extending below the waist is finished with cord and tassel.

An elegant fine black cloth sack is made in the style of last winter, but somewhat shorter than those then worn. It has no cape, but is heavily trimmed with two or three folds around the bottom, folds across the shoulders, and to simulate a pointed collar. Sacks made up of Astrachan cloth will be much worn as the weather becomes colder, but these are made entirely plain, and ornamented with rich silk buttons and tassels, and sometimes lined with quilted silk. Persians cloth will also be much worn in cloaks. This has a finer curl than Astrachan, and is more expensive.

Waterproof suits are much in vogue for ordinary street wear; indeed, so great has been the demand for this material this season that there is now a scarcity in the market. A suit of the new material of English waterproof, recently worn on the street, was noticeable for the neat style in which it was made. The bottom of the skirt was trimmed with velvet ribbon; the short, loose sack was lined with soft flannel, so that it could be worn on cool days; over this was a large cape, caught up in plaits at the back, with a hood edged with velvet ribbon falling in a large point below the waist.

The Scotch plaids are very fashionable, made in circulars with a small round cape, and are worn with the right side thrown over the left shoulder. These plaids are also much worn in dresses.

There is nothing very new in opera cloaks. They are made in circulars of white cloth, trimmed with white fringe and cord and tassel, or short sack. Very showy opera cloaks are made of scarlet cloth and embroidered in white or gold color. A pretty and unique one is made sack form, the material a delicate shade of blue, almost covered with white beads. It is principally for evening wear.

Heavy cloth cloaks will not be so much worn as formerly, except in extreme cold weather, as suits are not only more fashionable but far more economical, and are rapidly obtaining favor. Pelisse wadding, with a lining of silk or fine cambric, is fitted to the sack so that it can be easily removed if desirable, making a suit as warm as the cloaks made of heavy materials. Paisley and camel's hair shawls are worn at present with silk, velour and poplin dresses; and an elegant Paisley can be purchased at from $50 to $75. The most expensive camel's hair shawl recently offered for sale can be bought for $3500.

A CAUSE CELEBRE.

Settlement of the Great Howland Will Case.

From the Nashville Union and American.]

On last Saturday Judge Clifford, of the United States Supreme Court, decided at Boston, one of the most interesting lawsuits of the age—the Howland will case—which was first mentioned in the press about a year since.

Miss Sylvia Ann Howland, of New Bedford, died in 1865, leaving property valued at about $2,200,000, and a will, in which she bequeathed half of it to her niece, Miss Hetty Robinson (now Mrs. Edward H. Green), and the other half to various friends, servants, and public charities. Miss Robinson thereupon produced an earlier will, under which she would have obtained the whole estate, and demanded that the latter one should be set aside, on the ground that it was in violation of a contract entered into between herself and her aunt. By this contract, Miss Howland and Miss Robinson, it was averred, had made a mutual agreement touching their respective wills, the aunt to leave all her property to the ladies, and the neice all her own (amounting to several hundred thousand dollars) to her heirs, or failing heirs, to public charities. The object of this bargain was to keep all the money of both ladies out of the hands of Miss Robinson's father. The suit was brought in the form of a complaint by Miss Robinson against the residuary legatees; and the answer of the respondents was, first, that no such contract as she alleged had ever been made; and secondly, that a material part of the will which she produced was a forgery.

It was upon this second point that the principal interest of the trial depended, the argument of the respondents being not that the signature to the page of the will in question was unlike Miss Howland's, but that it was too marvelously like the signature to the other pages to have been produced in any other way than forgery by tracing. The evidence on this question was exhaustive. The signatures were indeed shown to be precisely alike, and not only were all the best known experts examined as to the unprecedentedness of such a resemblance, but a most interesting exposition of the theory of probabilities was obtained from a distinguished mathematician—a rare instance of the application of the higher mathematics to the proceedings of courts of law. Prof. Pierce of Cambridge, whose testimony was heard by the court, averred that he had conclusively demonstrated by the different calculus, that it was not probable that in many millions of times the signature of an individual will be *precisely* the same.

The court has taken a year to determine the case, and now decides that there was no contract such as Miss Robinson avers, and her complaint consequently falls to the ground, forgery or no forgery. The second part of the respondents' answer is consequently passed over, and the genuineness of the disputed document is left unsettled. The failure to decide whether the will adduced by Miss Robinson was a forgery, is a disappointment to those who had watched the progress of the case, as it would have determined one of the most curious and interesting points of evidence ever presented in American jurisprudence.

WENDELL PHILLIPS ON GRANT.

"A Good Soldier does not Always Make a Good Statesman."

From the Anti-Slavery Standard.]

If we were Grant, our Jay in Vicksburg and the Wilderness would be drowned fathoms deep in shame, because history will have to tell that while we were in command of the army—and able to wield it unconfronted, even in Louisiana, if we chose—the loyal men of New Orleans dared not approach the polls for fear of assassination. One word to the nation from Grant last spring, would have put Wade in the White House and proclaimed martial law, if necessary, last week, in New Orleans. There are whispers that Gen. Grant favored impeachment—in the lobby. Those times wanted no lobby member. If the Lieutenant-General of the United States had then announced to Congress that in his opinion the peace of the South could not be preserved with the policy then pursued, and unless that policy were changed he would not blight his laurels by holding a sword he was not allowed to use, does any man suppose Fessenden would have dared to veto impeachment, even to revenge himself on Wade, to spite Mr. Sumner, or to keep his eleven cousins in office? If Grant were the man the nation now supposes him, he could not have kept silent at such a crisis. A man must love glory overmuch, who would not surrender all Grant's laurels rather than bear the guilt and shame of that responsibility not met.

It must be remembered that a good soldier does not necessarily make a great statesman. When we talk of statesmanship, where was it when Grant undertook to report the condition of ten millions of people, scattered over seven hundred thousand miles, after a visit of ten days? And what was his report?

In December, 1865, when every man not asleep knew of Johnson's treachery, and its results at the South, Grant reported that the "acquiescence" at the South was so "universal," its "citizens so earnest in wishing to do what they think is required by the Government," that nothing but the mere form of a military force would be needed there. And if anything more should, in any localities, be needed, it would be among the freedmen, to prevent them from taking possession of the property of their former masters, and in the seaports. Now no freedman has ever lifted hand against the property of the whites, and, except in New Orleans, the seaports are the safest places at the South. Was Grant misled by cunning men about him, or has he no insight for such investigations? Either alternative removes him from the list of statesmen. But, further than this, that problem does not need brains. A heart would have made all its intricacies blaze with light like a July noon. These are the actions that, for us, reveal Gen. Grant.

POSTAL AFFAIRS.

Postmaster General's Report.

Postmaster General Randall has been busily engaged for some days in preparing his annual report. The document is not yet finished, but some statistics from the numerous tabular statements contained in the report will prove interesting. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1865, 142,240 miles were used for mail service, while there were used in the active running, 57,993,694 miles. For the year ending June 30, 1868, there were 216,628 service miles, and 4,224,525 running miles. This shows an increase of 35 per cent. in the service and running mules. Since 1865, Congress has added 1267 new mail routes, beside all the Southern mail routes which have been revived, which makes an addition of 48 744 lineal miles of mail route added to the labor and expense of the department in less than eighteen months. The following table will partly show how the expenditures exceed the receipts—the statement being for carrying the mails only—namely:

	Expended.	Revenue.
Alabama	$241,468	$39,402
Kansas	551,766	10,692
Nevada	41,850	3,460
Nebraska	170,493	54,494
Idaho	43,705	1,068
New Mexico	29,982	8,244
Washington Territory	140,144	4,304
Arizona	120,027	1,908
Utah	47,040	9,48
Montana	31,500	16,041
Oregon	383,698	20,110
Texas	387,570	145,916

Add to this the deficit of the Southern States not named, and the total deficit foots up over three millions for the past year.

The salaries of Postmasters and many other expenses are not included. In all the large cities letter-carriers are employed, and this has cost $995,000 for the past year. No revenue is received from this source. None of the sea service returns any revenue to the Department. China, Brazil, the Sandwich Islands and other routes, cost this year some $725,000 more than was received. The horse service costs thirty-three to forty per cent. more now on account of the difference between gold and currency, while the rates for letters are the same.

Postmaster Dennison's report for June, 1865, showed a surplus of $861,430 over the actual expenses. His second report for June, 1866, submitted by Governor Randall, his successor, showed a deficiency of $968,993. Gov. Randall's report for 1867 also showed a deficiency; and the report for 1868 will show a deficiency of $740,000, which has to be provided for by special appropriation.

The Postmaster General is preparing an elaborate report in reference to the ocean service, and to extending the mail facilities to every corner of the land, while he also recommends many reforms in the general routine of the postoffice business. He recommends the establishment of a thorough telegraph system in all the principal cities and postoffices in the country, alleging that it will secure a revenue and save the people money. A letter of fifteen or twenty words is sent from Washington to New York, and delivered there as a letter, with a postage stamp upon the envelope, at a cost to the writer of the dispatch letter of three cents for the stamp and ten cents for the message. Full average rates will be presented in the report. These message are to be delivered by the letter carriers, thus securing prompt and correct delivery.

THE STATE TREASURY.

Report of the Joint Committee on the Condition of the State Treasury and the Transactions of the Treasurer During his Official Term.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Tennessee:

We, the undersigned, Joint Committee of the two Houses, who were appointed to settle the accounts of the State Treasurer, have discharged the duty, and ask to submit the following report:

After examining the books and papers in the Treasurer's office, and comparing them with a statement of receipts and disbursements furnished us by the Comptroller from his office, we find that John R. Henry, Treasurer, received from S. W. Hatchett, former Comptroller, the amount turned over to him by R. L. Stanford, former Treasurer, to-wit: two hundred and seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-one cents ($217,854 21,) of which there was in the Tennessee National Bank of Memphis $34,025 31 and in current funds in the Treasury $311 64. We also find that John R. Henry received into the Treasury on Comptroller's warrants, from the 1st of January, 1867, to the 31st of October, 1868, $4 361,355 22, making whole amount of receipts $4 679,209 43. We find he has disbursed, from the 1st of January, 1867, to the 31st of October, 1868, on Comptroller's warrants, the sum of $4 424 282 02, which shows an actual balance in the Treasury on the 31st of October, 1868, of the sum of $154 928 41. It will be seen that the Comptroller, in making his statement, includes the amount overdrawn in statement made October 1, 1866, of $30,016 31, and amount advanced to the Assembly of $1 932 84, which, added to the above, makes, as Comptroller reports, $186,876 56; but said amount of $31,949 15 was settled in the settlement made with R. L. Stanford, former Treasurer.

Your committee also find that the Treasurer has received from S. W. Hatchett, former Comptroller, on account of what is known as the school fund, $298 0.2 72, of which $50,000 is in United States securities.

The balance of said fund, except $9,352 72, was used in payment of interest on the State debt, and the amount so used is in coupons of the bonds of the State of Tennessee, which your committee recommend to be funded in six per cent. bonds of the State, and the interest thereof to be distributed for the use of common schools.

Your committee further state that it is impracticable to close the settlement fully until the successor of the present Treasurer has been elected and qualified. They have therefore carried this settlement to the 31st of October, 1868, and propose to conclude the same as soon as the present incumbent's successor is qualified to take charge of the office.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN NORMAN,
Chairman of Senate Committee.
W. L. WATKINS,
Chairman on part of the House.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
COTTON FACTORS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
PLANTATION SUPPLIES,
BOAT AND BAR STORES,
No. 276 Front Street,
(Between Court and Madison,)
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. B. FRANK HARBERT. Memphis, Tenn.
Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,
—WITH—
PARTEE & HARBERT,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
No. 14 Union Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sept 3m

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL.
MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

No. 9 Union and 160 Front Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep9 3m

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
BOSTON, MASS.,
REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY
THOMAS TROUT & SONS,
208 Front Street.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sept17 3m

N. R. JUDSON, Miss. T. H. JUDSON, Memphis. J. C. ALEXANDER. E. G. MATTHEWS.
JUDSON & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,
Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our consignors. Also, all Cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise instructed. sept 3m

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. B. F. DICKINSON.
DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,
(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.,)
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,
210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn!

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments.

COTTON---COMMISSION

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.
H. FITZGERALD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts
Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Printing Paper,
274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
sept3 3m

R. A. MOON,
Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,
232 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to tender my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Products. My personal attention will be devoted to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling Cotton, will be *One Dollar per Bale*. Consignments in small lots, or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.
sep22 dawtm R. A. MOON.

WM. VESEY. J. T. CARTWRIGHT.
VESEY & CARTWRIGHT,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 299 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Wines and Liquors always on hand, and for sale at the lowest market rates. Agents for Madison XX Ale. oc25 1m

RALPH WORMELEY,
(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 316 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other products during three of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealousness their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.
sep9 RALPH WORMELEY.

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.
E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
210 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates.

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES
NORMENT & GRAVES,

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, one year.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, one year.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square
Advertisements in Weekly or Semi-Weekly, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $8 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL will be charged one sixth additional.
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY will be charged half of DAILY rates
Local Notices 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line per month
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 21, 1868

THE NEWS.

Mohair is grown in Asia Minor.

The City of Mexico is being lit with gas, and likes it.

England and Wales contain a million of paupers.

Twelve per cent. of English criminals are under sixteen.

The belle of Dresden is a Chicago girl, who sings divinely.

At Carpi, in the province of Modena, hats are made of willow bark.

Only diplomatic coachmen are allowed to wear lace in St. Petersburg.

A colored diplomatic agent from Liberia has been recognized by Russia.

La Lanterne has lately been imported into France in busts of the Emperor.

A grape vine in Jouchecy, France, fifty four years old, yields three tons weight of grapes.

American steamers aggregating more than 20,000 tons are now running in Chinese waters.

Senator Conness, of California, is soon to marry the second daughter of Mr. Wendell T. Davis, of Greenfield, Mass.

The Congress of Mexico disapproved the bill on the railroad from Vera Cruz to Mexico.

In England there are societies to assist discharged convicts to emigrate to the United States.

The population of Chicago, Ill., according to a census recently taken, is 202,054. The vote at the recent election was 39,581, or a per centage of 15.71 per cent.

Rochefort still wars on women. The last *Lanterne* says: "Isabella embraced Eugenie Hartitz. Touching spectacle to see female intelligence in the arms of female virtue."

A daughter of Sir Henry Bishop, the composer, has been convicted an imprisoned for making a fraudulent claim against a railway company for lost baggage.

Madame Walewski has resigned the property given her late husband by the Emperor, because she cannot afford to keep it up. She has also ceded her opera box to the Duchess de Gramont, late de Morny, who makes her entree in the world this season.

Franz Abt, the renowned composer, purposes visiting this country next summer. He has somewhat of making his home here, and can certainly, with his great talent and reputation, do better than in Germany, where, for his two best songs, "When the Swallows Homeward Fly," and "Sleep Well Sweet Angel," he received but $9.

The Commissioners of Emigration in New York city, report 194,057 as the number of emigrants who have arrived in that city from January 1 to November 11 1868. The number during the same period in 1867, was 220 474—a decrease in 1868 of 6,417. The receipts of money in commutation of charges for support, amounted to $58 389.

The *Herald's* Naples special, 18th, says: The streams of lava ejected by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius have filled and overflowed the Fosse vetrand, and are still following the course of the eruption of 1855. Last night the upper cone discharged columns of ashes, occasionally illuminated by flashes of flame. The spectacle is magnificent, and many persons are going to Naples to witness it.

Recently two candidates for Parliament at Liverpool, Lord Sandon and Mr. Graves, undertook to make themselves agreeable to the fishwives of the city. While promenading the fish market, one of the women left her stand, and linking her arm in Lord Sandon's walked the rounds, followed by the town council, who accompanied his lordship, and the society fishwives who followed them; and at the close of the performance another fishwife rushed forward and kissed both the candidates, amid general applause.

The foreign papers state that the committees of the Pan Iavist party on the borders of the Danube are exhibiting renewed activity in preparing for fresh outbreaks. Conjectures like the above, it would seem, are based upon the ordinary disturbances among the peasantry, as the most insignificant riots is at once attributed to the influence of the agents of Russia. For instance, a dispute between a landowner and his neighboring village on the Danube, gave rise a short time ago to the rumor of a concerted plan to overthrow the dominion of the Turks.

It is understood to be the intention of the President to suspend from office Chas. A. Washburne, for his recent disgraceful conduct as American minister to Paraguay, should the official details confirm the newspaper report of his letter to the British minister. This is regarded at the State Department as cause for his suspension. Washburne was appointed by President Lincoln, from California, and is a brother of E. B. Washburne. The latter called at the Department on the 18th, but was informed that they had no official news.

Since the commencement of the century the production of cereals in Spain has increased from sixty-five to one hundred and forty millions of *fanegas*, and of wine from forty-seven to eighty millions of *arobas*. Of beasts of burthen and slaughter there were in the year 1-65, 674,0 horses, or 75 p r square mile; 1,09 878 mules, or 109 per square mile; 2,94 38 asses, or 1 ined cattle, or 515 per square mile; 22,34,907 sheep, or 2,500 per square mile; 4,29,016 goats, or 482 per square mile; 4,264 817 hogs, or 480 per square mile; and 3 01 camels.

A Chicago dispatch of the 19th says: A meeting of tobacconists and wholesale grocers was held last evening in the Tremont House, for the purpose of taking into consideration with reference to what they call an unjust taxation. The meeting was largely attended. A long by preamble and resolutions were adopted. Also a memorial to Congress praying for a repeal or a portion of section 78 and 94 of the act imposing taxes on distilled spirits, tobacco, etc. Congressman Judd and Senator Trumbull pro ised their aid. Several committees were appointed, and speeches made by several prominent citizens. Petitions to Congress are to be circulated for signatures. Another meeting will soon be held.

A letter writer describes the "rocket," which is a Prince Rupert substitution for the "cigar," afterwards chewed. This rocket, by the way, is supposed by Princeton Institution, and as such deserves a word or description. It is given with a fizz-s-s-boom-s-s-h! The first explanation is supposed to indicate the flight of a rocket in the air; the second the explosion, and the third the scattering of insensate ashes, culminating in spectators as the writer is the buried colored fire. I believe this specimen of vocal protection originated in the army, but whe ever it came from the effect of it, as given by a couple of hundred students, who have given their voices to perfecting themselves in the art, is ludicrous in the extreme."

Eugene Taylor, formerly of New Orleans, one of the most delightful pianists in the country, is now attached to the editorial corps of the Louisville *Courier Journal*. He will shortly issue a series of musical compositions, the result of recent unemployed hours, entitled "Creolienne Creole," which are said to be miniature gems of the first water. Mr. Watterson, the editorial manager of the *Courier-Journal*, is also an accomplished pianist, with one of the sweetest touches we ever remember to have listened to. The last named gentleman, during the war, once got into the Federal lines, where he so charmed the wife and daughters of the commanding general by his music, that he obtained a pass at headquarters to proceed at pleasure.

Secretary McCulloch had partially decided a few days since to write a letter for publication, defending himself from what he considered to be misrepresentations of his course regarding the financial panic in New York, but owing to the extraordinary official duties required at this particular time, even outside of the usual Report of the Treasury Department he was felt compelled to abandon his intention. It is learned, however, that the principal statement in the letter would have been an explicit denial of the Secretary that he ever suggested or authorized the dispatch published by the Associated Press on Saturday, November 7, in which it was stated that the Secretary had decided that he had the power to release the redeemed and re-canceled legal tender notes, and in which it was also stated

would at once exercise the power to inflate the currency and turn the tide of speculation. He knew nothing of the telegram whatever until it appeared in the New York papers on the arrival here that day. The effect in bulling the market is well remembered, and the Secretary was charged in every direction with giving the dispatch a semi-official character. The letter would also probably have contained some of McCulloch's views on the one we pursued by the National Bank during the late panic, a part of which is to be reserved for the annual report.

The Anglo French Railway Bridge (preliminary) Company has been formed, with a capital of £8000, to the purpose of constructing the moles for the proposed bridge across the Straits of Dover. The shares have been fixed at 100 francs or £4 each, and the French half of the capital has been subscribed. The model is to be finished in two months. It is to be a model of a bridge from the Shakspeare Cliff, Dover, to Cape Blanc Nez, a short distance from Calais. The soundings across the channel between these two points show a regular and gradual descent from each shore, and the greatest depth of water is 157 feet. The length of the bridges will be 32,821 yards, divided into ten arches, resting on piers rising 60 feet above the sea, which will permit the passage of ships of the largest class. These piers are to be of metallic frame-work, with foundations 400 feet long by 250 feet wide, tapering to 200 feet square at the top. They are to be constructed on land, and floated out to their destined position, where they are to be sunk and fixed.

On the application of the Spanish Minister at Washington, the Government, a short time since, directed the United States marshals to take every measure to ferret out and arrest any parties engaged in fitting out a filibustering expedition against Cuba. They are just making their reports, from which it would appear that the whole thing is a hoax. In reply to the telegram to Gen. Herron, United states marshal for Louisiana, he says that he is unable to find a scintilla of evidence of any contemplated movement from that point. The same information comes from Mobile, and points on the Atlantic seaboard. Several individuals, whose names have been mentioned as having been connected with such a scheme, have written to the authorities here, stating that such a story is a fabrication.

RELIEF OF TAX PAYERS.

We learn from the Nashville *Union and American*, of Thursday, that the Judiciary Committee of the Senate reported a bill giving tax-payers until the first day of January next to pay their taxes, and no penalty shall attach for non-payment up to that time. The bill passed three readings in the Senate. If it goes through the House it will be a decided relief to those now groaning under the weight of taxes.

FLETCHER, SECRETARY OF STATE.

By a dispatch from Nashville we learn that J. J. FLETCHER has been re-elected Secretary of State and J. E. RUST, Treasurer. By many this is thought to be a triumph for the Conservative wing of the Republican party and as indicative of rebuff to BROWNLOW, as the killing off of the resolutions of censure of the Speaker of the Senate the other day. Anything for a change.

THE ELECTION BILL.

There is a bill now before the Legislature, the paternity of which is attributed to Judge J. P. SWANN, of the Second Judicial Circuit, ordering elections to fill all offices in the State, now occupied by appointees, where elections are ordered by law. The bill goes to the full extent of ordering elections in all cases where the Executive has filled elective offices by appointment, the day fixed being the first Thursday in May next, though it is thought it will be amended, before passage in the House, by inserting the 15th of January.

THE STATE TREASURY.

Attention is directed to the report of the joint committee of the House and Senate upon the condition of the State Treasury. The ease with which the "school fund" is disposed of by the committee will not astonish this community, in view of the political faith of those associated in its final "taking off," and the status of those to be affected by a plain statement; yet the drollery of the thing is striking and in accord with the ingenious avowal of the Governor, who used up what was left of the "sacred fund," after it had been manipulated in Memphis, for the purpose of paying the interest on the State debt, which had previously been swallowed up in extravagance and pay for the loyal members of our loyal Legislature. So we go.

THE CITY ELECTIONS.

The time is at hand when the people should prepare for the approaching election of Aldermen. In January next the time of ten of the present Board—one in each Ward—will expire, and their places must be filled by men of worth and probity, having the great interests of the city at heart, and intelligent as to our wants, and the shortest way of answering them. Our Ward Committees should be reorganized, and all the preparations be made that are necessary for a short, sharp and decisive campaign against ultra Radicalism. The property-holders, who have much to say on an occasion of this sort, should be in the advance in the organization of the voters who are in favor of Conservative men for representatives in our City Legislature. They are more immediately concerned in the character of the Board than any other class of the community, and should display a corresponding energy and tact in the election of men of the highest grade. We ought to have a re organization immediately, embracing every Conservative willing to do good service for Memphis.

THE WADE HAMPTON ADDRESS.

The Democratic Central Committee of South Carolina, through Gen. WADE HAMPTON, Chairman, recently issued an address to the Democracy of that State that we consider among the most sound and sensible documents of the kind that have found their way to the public of any of the States.

First they congratulate the party upon the general result of the late canvass in the State, which considering that the Democracy were not organized until last April, and that they fell only a little short of carrying the State for the National nominees, is extraordinary. The National Democracy are felicitated upon a gain over the vote of 1864 of 718 181, and the noble stand they made for constitutional liberty. The party is urged to preserve an unbroken organization: to sustain the Democratic clubs of the several Districts, and increase their efficiency for good by engrafting "features looking to the subjects of *immigration, agriculture, manufactures and education*, so that an organized and systematic effort may be at once made to add to the population, to promote the industries of the State, and to advance the cause of popular intelligence." The concluding paragraph is devoted to an appeal to preserve the party ranks undivided, to preserve their fidelity to the eclectic principles of the party, to go bravely to work in the field of material development, "building up the State upon the basis of labor, and surrounding their political creeds with the solid muniments of wealth, intelligence and, virtue, so they will redeem their broken fortunes, heal their bleeding wounds, and ere long secure the peaceful triumph of those wise and virtu-

SPECULATION IN SCHOOL BOOKS.

On our local page we publish an article on the subject of speculation in school books, that must challenge attention, and if possible tinge even Radical cheeks with shame, that the man intrusted with the supervision of the education of our children, could so far forget his duty and the dignity of his office, as to lend himself to a scheme so demoralizing and subversive of even the commonest honesty. Mr. EATON cannot afford to permit a charge so gravely affecting his character to pass, without some notice beyond a mere flippant denial in his paper. Alleged first by the *Bulletin* of this city, it has found an echo in the columns of the press of the capital, and is fast gaining currency and credence throughout the State. Beside that it affects Superintendent EATON as a man, this speculation in school books will so affect the people that they will become indisposed to a system, that like every other of official status in the State, is made the media of speculation and peculation. In behalf, then, of the common schools of the State we demand an investigation of the charges, and that if found guilty of lending himself to this wholesale fleecing of the children of the State, Superintendent EATON be turned out of an office that might be more worthily filled by an older citizen.

SALE AND SUBSIDY OF RAILROADS.

If these were "ordinary times" it would be thought extraordinary, if not regarded as evidencing a touch of that insanity wherewith our Governor is afflicted, that our Legislature one day entertains a proposition to sell out three of our best railroads, and the next hurries through a bill appropriating two millions of dollars for the construction of others. It would be considered insane in any other State but Tennessee, even in these extraordinary times, that while we confess our inability to pay as we go, our Legislature is about to issue two million dollars for East Tennessee railroad enterprises, with a prospect of an increase to three, possibly five millions, to subsidize the railroad interests in this and the middle division of the State. Nowhere but in Tennessee can a Government and Legislature be found equal to so suicidal a course while verging on the brink of State bankruptcy.

From private as well as public sources, we learn that scarce anything but these matters of the sale of our railroads and the subsidy of those of East Tennessee is thought of by legislators. Railroad lobbyists have taken possession of the halls of the Capitol, have driven away all ideas of "suffrage" from the heads of our honest (?) representatives, and are working with a will that would do credit to the Albany Regency in its palmy days, to carry out these onheard-of measures; and we regret to say that many are included in the list whose hitherto associations guaranteed our State from mischief at their hands. Under the plea of policy, they are urging this "sale and subsidy," and expect to profit by both. We hear of "corners," as the Erie people phrase it, where money is piled up, (as in the case of the Louisville Railroad loan of $8,000,000) by the men who of all others could, if they would, relieve our railroads, but prefer to buy, at a sacrifice of the stock of hard working stockholders, rather than at a small and decent rate of interest, help our over-pressed railroad corporations out of the slough into which they have been plunged by the maladministration of State officers.

In what other State could capitalists be found so selfish as to loan $8,000,000 in order that a foreign corporation might secure the entire control of our railroad system and make us tributary to Louisville—force us, against our inclination, our policy, and our interests, to become accessories to the building up a great commercial center in opposition to Nashville, and Knoxville, and Memphis. Such conduct almost amounts to criminality, but, coupled with the conduct of our Legislature in so legislating as to play into the hands of this giant corporation, it passes all powers of speech to characterize it. How fated our great interests are when thus our own citizens, the men on whom we should be able to depend, forsake the standard of fair play, decency, and the true interests of Tennessee, and prepare to purchase our railroads before their sale is authorized by the Legislature, and, meanwhile amuse themselves by labor as lobbyists, engaged in the ostensible work of railroad extension, but in truth to the aggregation of a gigantic monopoly by which our towns may be temporarily galvanized into life, but eventually will be killed out of all recognition as commercial points.

We do hope, and we ask, in the name and in behalf of our people, that the Legislature will pause ere they inflict us with this additional debt, and force us beyond the brink and into the dishonoring condition of repudiation. Taxed in every industry, and to an extent unequaled by any other community in proportion to our means, we cannot go much farther with our load. We ask our Legislature to pause, to reflect that a time must come for the exposure of contemplated villainy, when all accounts will be squared, and those in sin will be utterly cast out.

AT LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, November 20.—An Omaha dispatch says the Red Cloud, the famous Chief of the Sioux Indians, and several other chiefs heretofore hostile, have signed a treaty of peace and promised to behave themselves.

A Salt Lake dispatch says new and rich mines have been discovered on White river, the ore taken out paying from five to seven thousand dollars per ton. An ore-stamping mill is already in operation, and large quantities of ore are being shipped daily to Austin for reduction.

The printers' strike at Leavenworth continues. A printer, named Campbell, who arrived there Wednesday, to work on the *Bulletin*, was assaulted and badly treated.

John King, a well-known citizen, has filed a petition in the Circuit Court setting forth some curious facts regarding the Parchal House lottery. King put a house in the scheme, and it was drawn by the Association, but not receiving as large a share as he thinks himself entitled to, he repudiates the whole thing and denounces it as illegal.

RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, November 20.—Chief Justice Chase will arrive on next Monday to preside at the fall term of the U. S. Circuit Court. Mr. Davis will, it is understood, appear by counsel at present, unless the Government makes different requirements.

The first snow of the season fell to-day, continuing for two hours.

NASHVILLE.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 20.—A prize fight between Matt Conkling and Bill Hogan, for $400 a side, took place yesterday near Harrowsburg. The match was made last September. The principals were excellently trained, and entered the prize ring in splendid condition. Twenty-six rounds were fought in one hour and twenty minutes. Conklin was declared the winner. The latter was seconded by Matt Boyle and Bill Ruser, and Hogan by his brother and a man named Vance. Mr Slawden was the referee. Both men were badly punished.

An unknown vessel was burned at sea opposite the village of Bridgehampton, Long Island, on Tuesday night, during the storm. Nothing is known of those on board.

The excitement in Erie has subsided, the stock settling down to 41c. Rock Island is mentioned as the next sensation, and has advanced to 109½.

Two brokers had a fight on 'Change today, growing out of recent transactions in Erie. They were separated after exhausting each other slightly.

A meeting of the Cuban fillibusters last night, several recruits enrolled themselves, and a letter from a late Confederate officer was read offering to join the expedition with 10 000 men. Gen. Kinggan, the alleged leader here, keeps very reticent, but the report is that the expedition leaves very soon for Cuba.

The Drew party settled their other Erie contracts yesterday by ore the corner broke, at 57 to 58. Their losses amounted to over $1 200,000.

A number of citizens met last night at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to consider the expediency of making an independent nomination for Mayor. Among those present were Peter Cooper, P. M. Kelly and others. The meeting was strictly private, but it has transpired that a majority expressed themselves in favor of nominating W. E Curtiss for the position.

The Secretary of the Treasury is negotiating for the purchase of the whole Battery, and has already bought enough of the privilege for a wharf basin.

The *World*, alluding to the proposition, nominates Aldendorfer, of the *Staats Zeitung*, for Mayor.

The *Tribune* and *Evening Post* urge the Republicans to concur in the nomination of John Kelly, by the Democratic Union organization, for Mayor.

The leaders of the Cuban fillibustering scheme still persist in their enterprise, and say that all the men required have been obtained and fully equipped, and they only want transportation. The flag of the expedition is exhibited, and consists of red and blue bars with a white ground, in the corner of which is a lone star. It is said here that a large force is concentrated at Memphis, ready to sail at a moment's notice.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 20.—The Customhouse receipts from November 9th to the 14th inclusive, were $2,248 486.

A large number of recently appointed Revenue Supervisors have arrived here and are to-day receiving their instructions.

Gen. Sherman's report does not vary from the accounts received from time to time, of the Indian depredations in the West. He concludes by saying that the only hope to find any end to this eternal Indian war is to transfer the entire business to the War Department, and for Congress to enact the laws and provide the necessary money at least a year before it is required to be expended. Gen. Sherman then details the distribution of the money appropriated by Congress, and concludes as follows: "I propose to continue, as now, to have Gens. Terry and Augur to protect the Missouri river trade and the Union Pacific Railroad with gunboat cars, and so gather in all the marauding bands of Sioux to the Reservation south of Nebraska. Gen. W. S. Harney is prepared to feed and protect them to the extent of the means subject to my control, to destroy or punish the hostile Indians in his department till they of their own volition will go to Fort Cobb and remain there on the Reservation assigned them, under the care of Gen. W. B Hazen, who is also prepared, to a limited extent, to provide for this necessity. It is doubly procures peace within their Reservations, and war without doubt will soon bring this matter to a conclusion."

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 20.—Gen. Grant arrived at 4 p.m yesterday, and is stopping at the Continental. It is reported that he will be entertained privately at the Union League House this evening.

Gen. Grant took a walk along Chestnut street to-day, visiting Independence Hall and Square. He was recognized, and a throng gathered, but after some delay he succeeded in flanking his admirers and returning to the Continental. He will partake of a banquet to be served by the Loyal Leaguers, and be serenaded by the Boys in Blue this evening.

Gen. Grant partook of a social entertainment at the Union League rooms this evening, after which he held a levee when the members of the league were introduced. He was also serenaded, but in consequence of the rain the intended demonstration by the Boys in Blue and Invincibles did not take place.

FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, November 20.—Lieut-Gov. Gleason to-day called at the capitol to procure a copy of the manual of the last regular terms of the Legislature. He was received by Capt. Carse, Gov. Reed's Adjutant General. During the interview Mr. Gleason expressed the kindest feelings towards Gov. Reed, and said he had no personal feeling in the matter of impeachment, and that the action he had taken was forced upon him by the action of the Legislature and the position he held in the government of the State.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 20.—The ship Hellespont, Capt. Soule, from Melbourne, Australia, was wrecked yesterday morning, about thirty miles south of this port. Seven of the crew were saved, and eleven are missing, including the captain and mate. The vessel immediately went to pieces. The cargo is a total loss.

Heavy shocks of earthquake were felt at Willerton, Cal., November 5 h. The wall of the courthouse was badly cracked, and the waters of the San Joaquin river disturbed. A slight shock was also experienced at Austin, Nevada, November 7th.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, November 20.—A letter from Garibaldi is published, urging Spain to choose a Dictator for two years and then establish a Republic.

Peter Burns and Martin Constantine were arrested at Ashton yesterday, on suspicion of belonging to a Fenian organization. Valuable papers, understood to give details relative to the organization, were found on them.

UTICA.

UTICA, N. Y., November 20.—The jury in the case of Wm. Henry Carswell, indicted for murdering Abby Elizabeth Sanders, a little girl only eight years and six months old, in the town of Annsville, in April last, this afternoon brought in a verdict of guilty. The evidence shows that the murderer first despoiled his little victim, and then brutally cut her throat.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, November 20.—The North Carolina Congressional delegation is the same as in the last Congress, two Republicans and one Democrat, the Sixth District.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, November 20.—The complete official returns give the total vote for President at 159 000 and places Seymour's majority at 45 283.

AUGUSTA, November 20.—The *Republican* contains a communication purporting to detail Ku Klux outrages in Warren and the adjoining counties. It says that the negroes were intimidated from voting the Republican ticket, and gives several instances of killing and ill-treating by the Ku-Klux.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CAIRO, November 20.—Down—Rubicon at 10 a.m., Lady Gay, Kinney and Ida Reese at 6 p.m. The river fell two inches.

LOUISVILLE, November 20.—The river is falling, with six feet five inches in the canal. The weather is gloomy, with occasional flurries of snow.

ST LOUIS, November 20.—The river is rising, with nine and a half feet to Cairo.

INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 20.—Grant's official vote in this State is 10,146 A Republican gain over the vote in October of 9185.

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, November 20.—The following is the official vote of Ohio at the November election: Grant, 280,222; Seymour, 239 032; Grant's majority, 41,190.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK November 20.—Cotton more active and firm; sales 1000 bales; low middlings, 23½c; uplands, 27 421-4. Superfine flour, $5 30@5 80. Whisky, western, $1 08. Rosin, Coffee and Sugar, quiet Molasses, dull; new Cuba, 38c. Cuba, $1 0 @1 05.

Dry Goods—The market is without decided change.

Money—The market is easy; call loans, 5@7c. Sterling firmer; 9¼@9¾. Gold, 40¾@40¾. Foreign exchanges were $372,0 000 against $1,000,000 yesterday. The Assistant Treasurer will sell $4,000,000 next week in lots of $500,000 daily.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 20.—Cotton, stiffer and demanding upwards; middlings, 23; sales, 5-00; receipts, 47,421; exports, 9,32; week's receipts, total, 3,8 7,17 per, 29,29; sales, 31,30; exports, foreign 2,6 0; coastwise, 2,88. Gold, 35; sterling, bank 49 a 49½; commercial, 48½@48¾; New York sight ¼ discount. Sugar firm; fair, 10@11c; mild fair to prime, 12@13 1-2c. Molasses, 1 02; prime 68@70c; choice 70@72c. Coffee, steady; prime Rio, 16½@16¾; fair, 16@16½c. Flour, dull; superfine, $5 50; choice, $9 00 @9 50. Corn mail and lower; new, 80c. Oats, firmer, 63c. Bran, unchanged. Hay, dull and lower, $1 50. Pork, no wholesale demand; retailing at $29 50. Bacon, very dull; shoulders, 15½@15½c; clear rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 18@18½c. Lard, dull; tierces, 16½c; keg, 18½c. Whisky, western rectified, $1 10@1 12½c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC

—AND—

ESPECIALLY TO OUR PATRONS

OUR facilities by the late great decline of all kinds of Dress Goods and Fancy Articles, and through our purchases we are enabled to sell our well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Boots, Shoes and especially Clothing, which we intend to close out regardless of cost at such prices as to excel all other houses in this city.

CHEAP TABLE

—OF—

FANCY ARTICLES

WHICH WILL SAVE YOUR MONEY.

Ladies of Memphis and Vicinity,

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. Our prices will at once convince you that we are STILL MASTERS OF THE FIELD.

SAVE MONEY! BUY CHEAP!

—AT—

No. 280 Main St.,

Opposite the Clay Building.

GREAT DECLINE OF PRICES

—AT—

M. WOLF & CO.'S

230 MAIN STREET.

Just Received and Purchased at Panic Prices:

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS!

Bombazines,
Irish and French Poplins,
French and English Merinoes,
8-4 Solid Blue Plain and Changeable Alpacas---very cheap;
Chameleon and Waterproofs,
Empress Cloth,
Mohair and Wool Plaids,
All Wool Delaines,

500 Dozen Merino and Cotton Hosiery,

Lad and Child Underwears,

HOOP SKIRTS

In style to suit the humblest, and

In Prices to Defy all Competition.

Lad and Gents' Hemstitched, Plain and Embroidered Handkerchefs.

Bonnet Ribbons, 40 cents per yard.

nov21 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT.—Suit Rooms (2), suitable for law firm or insurance office over Commercial Bank, fronting on Madison street. Apply to J. A. OMBERG, Cashier.

nov21 3t

NOTICE.

MR H. D. BULKLEY has become associated with the undersigned in the Agency of the Carolina Life Insurance Company for Tennessee and Central Alabama to date from the 1st of November 1868. The style of the firm will hereafter be Bulkley, Ferguson & Privett.

H. M. FERGUSON,
J. N. PRIVETT.

nov21 1m

Agents Wanted.

$1 POCKET TIMEKEEPER, handsome case, glass crystal, Geneva silver works, white enamaled dial, warranted to denote correct time and keep in order five years. Agents are making $20 per month selling this wonderful invention. Send $1 for timekeeper, or write for terms. STANFORD & CO. 16 Reynold's Block, Chicago, Ill. nov26 1m w

Just Received and For Sale Low

150 KEGS and half barrels Spiced Pigs' Feet
50 half barrels Pickles,
20 pieces new Canvas and Sugar Cured Shoulders,
20 cases Onions,
20 boxes Spare Ribs and Pigs' Tongues, etc., at

G. A. SCHERER'S,
344 Front Street bet. Union and Bayou.

nov21 1w

Dentistry.

DR. N. M. McNEELY has returned to Memphis, and will execute all professional services to the citizens of the city and surrounding country. Rooms at No. 349 Main street, corner below Madison street, over Hillman & Vienna's Grocery store. nov15 1m

Fluting. Fluting. Fluting.

AS my fluting is acknowledged to be superior to all other fluting done in the city, I will inform the ladies of Memphis, and all persons in the country, that I am prepared to do fine work, such as linens, cottons and all kinds of goods from one to fifteen inches wide. Mrs. GEO. P. ZEAL.

No. 167 Hall street, one door north of Alabama street. nov15 1w

BEAUTIFUL PRINTS,
SOMETHING NEW
HEAVY PLAIDS,
COTTON AND WOOLEN.
JEANS AND TWEEDS
THE BEST STOCK IN MEMPHIS
Osnabugs & Sheetings,
BIG STOCK.
YANKEE NOTIONS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
SHAWLS & CLOAKS,
NEW FASHIONS.
COTTON YARNS, ALL SIZES

In short, one of the finest stocks assorted merchandise ever offered in Memphis, and which we offer

TO MERCHANTS ONLY,

For Cash or short time Acceptance.

WM. E. MOORE & CO., 99 Main St.,
nov18 Next door North Peabody Hotel

AUCTION.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Northeast Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

PUBLIC SALE

OF CHELSEA

STOREHOUSE & RESIDENCE.

THIS DAY,

At 12 o'clock M.,

Upon the premises, we will sell to the highest bidder, the valuable STOREHOUSE AND FAMILY RESIDENCE, now owned, and formerly occupied by Mr. A. J. Margrett, on the west side of Second street, and north of Greenlaw street. The Storehouse is well finished, and is a fine stand for business, with comfortable residence attached.

TERMS—Half Cash; balance in 12 months with interest, secured by Trust Deed.

TITLE PERFECT, and free from any encumbrance.

Tenant Wanted

—FOR A—

RESIDENCE AND GARDEN,

NEAR THE CITY.

One of the most desirable residences, within three miles of the city, with a Large Garden, well supplied with every variety of stock for a Market Garden, Select Orchard, and ten or fifteen acres for field culture, can be had by a

GOOD TENANT.

Team provender and utensils can be had with the place.

TO BUILDERS:

WANTED---A HOUSE BUILT.

On a lot near the city, to be paid for in some of the Handsomest Lots on Dunlap avenue, just outside the corporation line. Building and property on a stricly business cash value.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,
nov21 AUCTIONEERS.

DWELLING AND LOT

At Auction.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, November 21st, at 3 o'clock, on the premises we will sell, to the highest bidder, upon liberal payments, Mr. H. B. PACE'S RESIDENCE AND LOT, situated on Rawlings Place, a few paces east of Manderson, and near the residences of Mr. Hawkins, Robertson Topp, Esq., Wm. H. Hunt and H. Ware Esq., and is one of the best improved, healthiest and delightfully located in the city. The street railway passes down Landon-ave st et. The house is nearly new, substantially built of the very best material, and is in perfect order. It has seven rooms, hall, kitchen, servants' rooms, two cisterns, and is stable and carriage house. All the rooms are supplied with gas and hot and cold water. The lot is a front of 60 feet by a depth of 160 to an alley, and the rear grounds are set with shrubbery and evergreens. The property will be sold regardless of the price bid.

Title indisputable.

LEO H. MONSARRAT & CO.,
nov21 3t Auctioneers.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,
GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,
37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 1y

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS, W. L. VANCE, WM. JOYNER, F. W. SMITH,
C. M. APPERSON, J. J. PETTIT, N. S. BRUCE, A. SEESSEL,
P. TITUS, W. R. HUNT, W. S. GREENLAW, B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL, J. G. LONSDALE, JAMES PHELAN.

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

BULKLEY, FERGUSON & PRIVETT,

No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee and Central Alabama.

jeld dfkwlm

SPECIAL NOTICE

—TO—

CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Having Just Received, under the late Low Rate of Freight,

748 CASES AND BALES

STAPLE GOODS,

THEY WILL NOW

Offer these Goods at Great Inducements

CONSISTING OF

150 Cases Prints,
150 Bales Brown Domestics,
50 Cases Bleached Domestics
50 Cases Sheetings,
50 Bales Osnaburgs,
25 Bales Bed Ticking,
50 Cases Jeans,
40 " Plaids,
40 " Stripes,
25 " Linsey,
5 " Tweed,
15 Bales Drilling,
15 Cases Twills,
10 Bales Kersey,
50 Bales Flannel,
10 Bales Canton Flannel,
5 Cases Gingham,
8 Cases Delaines.

A Special Inducement will be offered to Package Buyers.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
242 Main Street, Corner Jefferson.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

A. SEESSEL & SON,

Beg leave to offer to the Public their Immense

SECOND STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Silks,
Satins,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,

AND A VARIETY OF

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED DRESS GOODS

Which we propose to SELL at prices defying EASTERN AUCTION SALES.

Trimmings, Buttons and Novelties, a Splendid Assortment.

OUR STOCK OF CLOAKS,

Manufactured under our supervision, in the East, which we defy HOME MANUFACTURE. An immense Stock of FURS, FURS, at prices to suit the Public. In addition to the above,

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS

—FOR—

JOBBING AND PLANTATION PURPOSES COMPLETE

All we ask is a call. Try us and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,
259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

AMOS WOODRUFF, President. BEN. MAY, Secretary.
T. A. NELSON, } Vice-Presidents. CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Asst Secretary.
F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents. F. S. DAVIS, Treasurer.

Capital, : : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : : 102,742 06

DIRECTORS:

T. A. NELSON, A. WOODRUFF, R. C. BAINSLEY, F. M. WHITE, C. P. NORTH,
SAM TATE, H. A. PARTEE, C. C. SPENCER, G. W. FRAZER, CHAS. T. PATTERSON,
JACOB WELLER, HUGH TORRANCE, Gen. JNO. B. GORDON, F. S. DAVIS, J. McCOWN.

MEDICAL BOARD:

F. MILES WILLET, JOHN H. ERSKINE.

ATLANTA (GA.) BRANCH, LOUISVILLE BRANCH,
JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't; W. C. MORRIS, Sec'y. C. C. SPENCER, Pres't; E. P. HOPKINS, Sec'y

Insures Lives, and promptly adjusts and pays Losses. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.

THOMPSON & SIM NS, General Agents

jy25 6m

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

THE SUNDAY APPEAL.

The attention of merchants and business men is called to the SUNDAY APPEAL, in which will be found not less than twenty-eight columns of reading matter, comprising an interesting literary melange, original and selected poetry, communications from regular and occasional contributors, market, river and local reports, and the general news of the day. The most interesting paper for Sunday reading published in the Southwest, it is, therefore, a most valuable advertising medium for business men. Advertisements and local notices published at special rates. Merchants and others will do well to send in their favors before 9 o'clock p.m.

CITY MATTERS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Hereafter individual bills of any Employee of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts due us. And no bill will be paid unless contracted by our authority.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

CITY SUBSCRIBERS

Are requested to report any irregularity in the delivery of the APPEAL at the Counting-room. Carriers will be supplied with certificates authorizing them to collect weekly.

ED. J. MASSFORD,
Supt. Circulation.

FELIX CROSS, of the Southern Express, has our thanks for late favors.

MINK Furs at Francisco & Wiggin's. no18 4t

FREE LUNCH daily at Raggio's, 15 Jefferson street. 1m

THE levee was very lively yesterday, and was a reminder of the "good old times."

THEATER.—The usual Friday night crowd greeted Mr. Couldock in the *Jew of Frankfort* and the *Porter's Knot* at the New Memphis last night.

EMMETT SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 6 Main street, has for sale City, County, and School Scrip, in amounts to suit tax payers. 2w

THE MEMPHIS CONFERENCE of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, assembles at Paris, Tenn., on Tuesday the 24th inst.

LADIES' Furs at Francisco & Wiggin's. no18 3t

DOLBEAR'S Commercial College, 230 Main street, open day and night. New pupils can begin any day in writing, book-keeping, arithmetic, etc., etc. tf

THE largest stock of Ladies' Furs in Memphis can be found at Francisco & Wiggin's, 307 Main street, under Peabody Hotel. no18 4t

MAIN STREET SYNAGOGUE.—Rev. S Tuska will deliver a discourse this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock, on the subject: "*Are miracles to be taken as evidence of truth?*"

GEORGE WASHINGTON (shade of the mighty!) and Thomas Payne, two negro mackerels, were arrested yesterday and carried before 'Squire Griffith, on the charge of being vagrants. They were sentenced to ten days imprisonment.

DR. CLOPTON is in the city, and may be consulted at the Overton Hotel. He treats Piles, Fistula, Strictures, Tumors, etc. Refers to many of the physicians of the city. He leaves on the 26th inst. tf

MISSES' Furs at Francisco & Wiggin's. no18 4t.

DISCHARGED.—'Squire Griffith yesterday discharged the following parties accused of petty crimes: Murphy and Lemon for stealing a revolver; Pete Lyons, for assaulting Fernandez Fentz; J. H. Ball, robbing Mr Robertson of a ring, and Robert Smith for swindling Mary Jane Delilah Causely out of two pillows.

WORK COMMENCED.—We learn that work has commenced on the Huntingdon and Jackson Branch Railroad. Col. Sam Tate is the President of the company, and he knows no failure in any enterprise in which he may engage.

TO-DAY elegant lunch at 15 Jefferson street. 1m

ON TO KNOXVILLE.—The Nashville *Banner* of Thursday says "there was a considerable exodus by yesterday evening's train, of Memphis lobbyists, who left for Knoxville, to see Brownlow with regard to the Metropolitan Police Commissionership which will soon be vacant."

NOTICE.—I am now collecting two per cent penalty for all taxes paid for the forty-first corporate year. On the first of December next, an additional penalty of five per cent. will accrue. All parties owing taxes for this year, wishing to avoid these heavy penalties, will consult their interest by coming up and paying.

JOHN H. BOWEN
City Tax Collector.
1w

SKATING Muffs at Francisco & Wiggin's. no18 4t

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF THE LATE REV W. C. HASKELL.—We are informed that the remains of the Rev. W. C. Haskell, Chaplain of the 154th Senior Tennessee regiment, will be removed on Sunday morning from Elmwood cemetery to Jackson, Tenn., for interment, and will be accompanied to the depot by the surviving members of his old regiment. The programme will be published to-morrow.

PERSONAL.

Dropping into the superb bookstore of Messrs. Chapman, Cowperthwait & Co., 279½ Main street, yesterday, we were gratified to meet our young friend Dr. J. Spot. Smith, who is now permanently engaged there. Dr. Smith will prove a valuable acquisition to this already popular house by attracting thither his host of personal friends.

We yesterday had the honor and pleasure of a visit from the gallant and distinguished Southern veteran, Gen. D. H. Hill, editor and proprietor of the "Land we Love." The General was accompanied by Dr. Erskine, of this city. He is, we are glad to learn, doing very well with his magazine. The General is stopping at the Overton Hotel, where he will be happy to meet his friends. We bespeak for him a long list of subscribers to his magazine as a souvenir of his visit to Memphis.

LADIES' Fur Emporium. Francisco & Wiggin. no18 4t

WHEATON NURSERY.—There are few nurseries in the South which have greater claims for *Southern patronage* than the Wheaton Nursery.—a Nursery established by Dr. Wheaton, who devoted his entire attention to the cultivation of such plants, ornamental shrubbery, flowers, etc., as were adapted to the Southern climate. The result of his labors, and the knowledge he derived from many years of experience, is now the recommendation of his Nursery to the Southern States. Knowing the Doctor for many years, we feel justified in saying that his successor, Waddy Thompson, will be able to fill all orders for all kinds of *fruit, ornamental* and *shade trees*, besides for all kinds of flowers, etc., at as low prices as any Northern Nursery, and will also furnish everything in his line, suitable for our climate and worthy of the only patronage he solicits—the Southern people.

LADIES' Sable Capes. Francisco & Wiggin. no18 4t

MORE RADICAL RASCALITY

Official Speculation in School-Books.

How "My Brother, the General," Works It.

Clever Scheme of Eaton to Plunder the Children of the State.

The following circular discloses a new and hitherto unsuspected system of villainy, concocted and now being carried out by our Radical taskmasters. What new system of fraud and rascality now remains for them to try upon us? Into which one of the minutiæ of our daily existence will they next crawl? Is there no avenue of domestic, civil or political life that is free from them? Have they not at last reached the depths and explored all the ways by which they can filch and steal from us in dribblets the little that was left us from the wholesale robbery and plunder of their leaders?

Who but one of these plunderers that have reduced official thieving, peculation, embezzlement and extortion to a science, would have ever thought of "turning a penny" by the means which the following circular proves that Eaton, the State Superintendent of Instruction has used? State Superintendent of Instruction, quoths! A fine instructor for mackerels or Radio's crew!

We hope that the Legislature now in session will take immediate cognizance of this affair and remove from his position this iniquitous "Superintendent!"

A "ring" has been formed for the purpose of forcing upon the people of Tennessee a particular series of school books.

These books were recommended some months ago by Superintendent Eaton, since which time no little cunning and ingenuity have been employed to deceive the people into the idea that his recommendation is absolutely obligatory, find that schools will be compelled to use the books he has prescribed.

Agents have been, and still are, philandering over the State in all directions, introducing these works, exchanging them for books now in use, charging a difference equal to the full value of the works introduced, and *diddling* the children out of books equally good; and, to prevent the possibility of parents procuring other books, in case the new ones should be disliked, exchanging, also, with the booksellers, taking away all others and leaving none but their own. Are the people of this State willing to submit to such measures for *forcing* upon them a particular series of school books, no matter by whom published or recommended?

The *high prices* of these books is a matter about which Superintendent Eaton may have had *valuable* reasons for being indifferent, but one which every parent in the State ought to consider well. They are from 25 to 150 per cent. dearer than the books used. The price of the Elementary Speller, for instance, which is in general use, is ten cents, while that of Worcester's Speller, recommended by Eaton, is 25 cents, or just 150 per cent. more. And Hilliard's Readers, also recommended by Eaton, are an average of 30 per cent. more expensive than McGuffey's Readers, now in nearly every family of the State. At a moderate estimate the number of school children in Tennessee, at this time, is 300,000. The cost of supplying each with a Worcester's Speller is $75,000; with the Elementary $30,000, or just $45,000 more for spellers alone. Extend the calculation to readers, arithmetics, grammars, geographies, etc., etc., and the result will be astonishing.

It has been asked how publishers can afford to pay a large *bonus* to have their books recommended. We do not think that any one need be long troubled for an answer, when he learns that the cost of the recommendation comes indirectly out of his own pocket.

Circulars directed to "County Superintendents of Public Instruction," and purporting to issue from "Office Superintendent of Public Instruction," containing further a specious summary of the "considerations" that led to the selection of the books named, and bearing the name of John Eaton, Jr., appended, have been issued to every County Superintendent, and profusely scattered over the entire State. These circulars are so worded, without actual transgression of the school law, as to make it appear that the County Superintendents are required to follow the recommendations of Eaton and *compel* the people of the various Civil Districts to use the prescribed books.

But our people are too wise to be caught so stupidly napping. We happen to know that some demur, while others positively refuse to use any of the recommended books, preferring, rather, to continue those now in the school.

The agents of the series, echoing Mr John Eaton, Jr., say a great many pretty things about the beauties of "uniformity." If by uniformity it meant the use of the same books in the same school, we admit its importance and necessity; but if its advocates demand that the same books be used throughout an entire State, they ask what is neither desirable or attainable.

It is evident that no power to prescribe what text books *shall* be used in the public schools of this State, is conferred by the school law upon the State Superintendent; notwithstanding his assistant agents claim that his recommendation imposes an obligation that District Boards must not disregard, and he gives color to the claim.

Not only have County Superintendents been addressed as before stated, but *Teachers* as we have been most reliably informed, have actually been told that certificates would not be granted them, on examination, unless they should agree to use the books recommended by Eaton.

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty five cents.*

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—Court adjourned yesterday until Monday, 23d, on which day the following cases will be called:

418 Spathelmer vs Kaufman.
449 Bellenger vs Bulletin Co.
463 Cash vs Eaton.
467 Baker vs Louis.
488 Wicks vs Tolope.
490 Hart vs Shaw
491 Minor vs Hopson.
441 Sevier vs Holmes.
447 Turner vs Sevier.
448 Crockett vs Temple.
449 Rodger vs Sawyer.
451 Maggioli vs Cicalla.
453 Meermot vs Ensley.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The calendar for yesterday was disposed of. Court stands adjourned until Monday morning.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—Yesterday the tax cases in this Court were argued on motion to dismiss. No opinion was rendered, the Court taking the matter under advisement. To-day will be motion day.

A GRAND OPENING.—Messrs. George Kendall & Co. have taken the fine saloon in the Knickerbocker Building, and have fitted it up in splendid style. They will open on Saturday at 12 o'clock with a lunch such as Memphis has seldom seen. Mr. Kendall—"George," as we have known him and called him for years, is known far and wide in Mobile and New Orleans as a dispenser of everything good to drink, and knows how to get up a lunch better than any other man out of the Crescent City. Among others well known to the Memphis public, Mr. Ed Webber, formerly of "Lou and Ed's," will also be on hand, and glad to see his old friends. Gentlemen are respectfully invited to be present at 12 o'clock on Saturday. 3t

THE MOST acceptable attention that a commission or other merchant can pay his customers and correspondents, is to send them a copy of a well-filled, interesting weekly newspaper like the Memphis WEEKLY APPEAL.

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty five cents.*

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Condensed Proceedings of Wednesday, November 18th.

Senate.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock a.m., Speaker Senter in the chair and twenty-one members present.

Mr Lyle offered a memorial signed by many citizens living in Montgomery county, praying for relief from the onerous laws restricting the right of suffrage in the State, by which a majority of the white citizens are now disfranchised. They also ask that such necessary steps should be taken in regard to the matter as shall result in establishing universal suffrage in the State.

The petition was received and referred to the Committee on Constitution.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS, RESOLUTIONS, ETC.

By Mr. Eckle: A bill to increase the salaries of the Governor and Supreme Judges of the State of Tennessee to $4000 per annum. Passed first reading and referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Rodgers: An act to cause the erection of school houses. Passed first reading and referred to the committee on Common Schools.

By Mr. Rogers: A resolution of inquiry in relation to the tax on merchants, authorizing the Committee on Finance to investigate the matter. Laid over under the rules.

SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

No. 271: Bill to enable the Governor to fill vacancies in office. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

No. 276: Bill to amend the charter of the Shelby Savings Institute, changing same to Bank of Columbia. Passed and ordered to be transmitted to the House.

No. 286: Bill to amend an act incorporating the Tennessee and Pacific Railroad Company. On motion of Mr. Aldridge, the bill was referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

No 288: Bill amending an act establishing a municipal Court in Memphis. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lindsley moved to take up Senate bill No. 272, in regard to the relief of tax payers. The Judiciary Committee reported the following bill in lieu and recommended its passage:

An Act to Relieve the Tax Payers of Tennessee in the Tax Penalty.

SEC. 1st. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That the tax payers of this State shall have to the first day of January, 1869, to pay their taxes, and no penalty shall attach for non-payment of any taxes now due, up to that time, and that all taxes paid within that time shall be exempt from any and all penalties whatsoever.

The amendment was adopted, and the bill, after some little discussion, passed its second reading.

SENATE BILLS ON SECOND READING.

No. 592: Bill for the reorganization, supervision and maintenance of free schools. Referred to Committee on Common Schools.

No. 597: An act for the benefit of unfinished railroads, providing for the issuance of State bonds to railroads, as follows: Knoxville and Kentucky, $900,000; Knoxville and Carolina, $700,000; Cincinnati and Cumberland Gap, $200,000; Southwestern, $500,000.

Mr. Parker offered a bill in lieu, changing the amounts, to be appropriated as follows: Knoxville and Kentucky, $500,000; Knoxville and Charleston, $500,000; Cincinnati and Cumberland Gap, $300,000, and the Southwestern $500,000. It also provides that bonds cannot be issued until a majority of the directors certify to the amount needed at different times.

Mr. Smith moved to amend the bill by adding $300,000 to the Huntingdon Branch of the Nashville and Northwestern Railroad.

Mr. Lindsley offered a resolution in lieu, providing for the appointment of scientific and intellectual farmers to attend the Convention.

The resolution in lieu was adopted, and the following Persons were appointed delegates:

Ben Harlan, of Maury county; Lorenzo Stratton, of Butler county, and Dr. J. G. Boyle, of Gibson county.

House.

The House met at 10 a.m.—Speaker Richards in the chair and sixty-nine members present.

By Mr. Bisson: Bill requesting the number of directors of the several railroads of the State; empowering railroad companies to reduce the number of directors to six, by a majority vote of the stockholders. Passed first reading and referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Hammer: Joint resolution that the two Houses meet in convention at 3 o'clock this afternoon, to elect a Treasurer and Secretary of State. Adopted.

By Mr. Prosser: Bill increasing the pay of Supreme Court Judges to $5000 per annum. Passed first reading and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. Hammer: Bill to amend the revenue laws of the State, providing for the levying of one dollar on every taxable poll in the State, and on all taxable property a tax of thirty-five cents on the hundred dollars. Passed first reading and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. Baker: Bill to incorporate the Soldiers' and Sailors' Bank of Tennessee. Passed first reading and referred to Committee on Incorporations.

By Mr. Medlin: Bill requiring clerks and Masters in Chancery Courts to take the franchise oath. Passed first reading, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

HOUSE BILLS ON SECOND READING.

443: To amend the revenue laws of the State. Withdrawn.

444: To amend the charter of the city of Memphis. Passed.

446: To establish Agricultural Colleges in the State. Withdrawn for amendment.

520: To exempt widow's dower from execution. Passed.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

510: Appropriating $5 annually for each child of a father who died or was killed in the service of the United States during the late war. Withdrawn for amendment.

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Pulmonary and Asthmatic Disorders, have proved their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received the testimonials from eminent men who have used them. Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, should try THE TROCHES. A simple remedy which is a most effectual specific.

BANKS AND BANKING

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK,
OF MEMPHIS.
Paid in Capital - - - $300,000 00
W. H. CHERRY, President.
AMOS WOODRUFF, Vice-Pres't.
H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.
J. J. FEEGAN, Ass't Cashier.
Directors:
A. J. WHITE, H. F. TOMLINSON,
A. T. LACEY, AMOS WOODRUFF,
H. A. PARTEE, J. E. MERRIMAN,
JOHN R. WATKINS, THOS R. SMITH,
W. H. CHERRY. oct

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.
DIRECTORS:
W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Sulz & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. P. SMITH
C. P. NORRIS.
F. S. DAVIS
President.
C. P. NORRIS,
Vice-President
sept 17

COTTON---COMMISSION.

NEWTON FORD. D. T. PORTER,
Formerly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae
B. FURSTENHEIM Late of Porter & Co.

NEWTON FORD & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. sep20 3m

WM. H. ANDREWS,
Grocer
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
280 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.
sep20 3m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 278 Front Street, Up-stairs,
Over R. S. Taylor & Co.,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
sep13 3m

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,
(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.,)
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Memphis, Tennessee.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and other Produce solicited, on which advances will be made when required.
Those who are still indebted to the late firms of Wormeley, Joy & Co., and Wormeley, Pickett & Co., are notified to come forward and settle with us delay, as longer indulgence will not be given. nov1 3m

F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. ROOTES.
WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the sale of Guano,
No. 394 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.
☞ Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sep1 daw 3m

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.
McGEE & HERRON,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Commission Merchants,
254 Front St., Up stairs, Memphis, Tenn
☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates dawlm

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR
MOSBY & DORION,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-stairs,
No. 504 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by rail insured, unless otherwise ordered at 4 cents.

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD
MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,
Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.
☞ Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sept13m

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.
☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sept No. 226 Front street.

J. A. SHANE. LE. A. HARRIS.
SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,
(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
And Forwarding Merchants,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
LIBERAL advances on Consignments to Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sept 3m

E. P. BATES & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors
AND PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 388 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.
☞ Orders promptly attended to. nov8 2m

HUGH TORRANCE,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
Gen'l Commission Merchant,
NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,
OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,
MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE
sept6 1m

MUSICAL.

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST
ASSORTMENT OF
PIANOS AND ORGANS.
317 | F. KATZENBACH, | 317
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons and other First class Piano Makers. Also for Mason & Hamlin's celebrated Organs, and their cheaper Melodeons. Organs, suitable for Church and Parlor.

EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED for from 5 to 10 years.
Good second-hand Pianos from $100 to $300.
SHEET MUSIC and Musical Merchandise generally.
Frames made to order.
Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. oct27

THE GEM SALOON.
In the Knickerbocker Building,
MADISON STREET.
BY GEORGE KENDALL & CO.
THE BEST THAT THE VINTAGES AND Distilleries afford—ALWAYS. nov15 1m

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER
Last Night of Mr. and Mrs Couldock.
Saturday Evening, November 21.—Will be produced the historical play, LOUIS XI—Louis (King of France), C. W. Couldock; The Dauphin, Miss Couldock. To conclude with ROBERT MACAIRE; or, The Two Thieves.
Monday—Fun. Night of LOTTERY OF LIFE.
SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.
Doors open a quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

ST. PATRICK'S FESTIVAL.
A FAIR AND FESTIVAL FOR THE BENEFIT of ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH will be held at the
MEMPHIS CLUB HALL,
Corner of Union and Second Streets,
Commencing Sunday, November 22d.
☞ Admission, Fifty Cents. nov20 4t

Dancing Academy.
PROF. SOOK has commenced his session of Dancing Lessons at his old Hall, 261½ Second street, Jefferson Block. For Ladies an Children, Wednesday and Saturday evenings; Gents, Tuesday and Thursday nights. Practicing parties every two weeks. oct22 1m

LATE ARRIVALS OF
CLOTHING FOR THE TRADE!
JUST RECEIVED, LARGE LOTS OF
KERSEY,
JEANS,
SATINET and
CASSIMERE SUITS,
Which we are offering at from $4 50 to $10 per suit. Planters and Country Merchants are invited to examine our stock.
J. D. WILLIAMS, 327 Main Street.

FALL & WINTER OVERCOATS.
The Largest and Finest Stock ever in Memphis.
CHINCHILLA,
ELYSIAN,
CASTOR,
ESKIMO BEAVERS,
PILOT CLOTH, ETC.,
In Black, Brown, Blue and Mixed Colors, ranging in price from $15 to $30.
J. D. WILLIAMS, 327 Main Street.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
AND FURNISHING GOODS.
The Largest and Best Stock in the South
To fit from three years old up, at
J. D. WILLIAMS, 327 Main Street.
nov11 1w

Silks, Silks, Silks!
REDUCTION IN PRICE.
We Offer Our Entire Stock of
REPP SILKS,
CHECK SILKS,
GLACE SILKS
AT REDUCED RATES.
MENKEN BROTHERS.

NOVELTIES IN SCOTCH PLAIDS,
PLAID EMPRESS CLOTHS
IN DESIGNS FOR
Children's Wear,
JUST RECEIVED.
MENKEN BROTHERS,

ELEGANT CLOTH AND VELVET
CLOAKS,
FROM LATEST PARIS DESIGNS
OPENED DAILY.
MENKEN BROTHERS.

HARDWARE.

ALLISON BROS.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.
[SOLE AGENTS FOR]
E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,
MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,
270 Front Street.
☞ Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving, before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.
sept 3m ALLISON BROS.

BANKRUPTCY.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of B. F. White, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of B. F. White, individually, and as one of the firm of B. F. White & Co., of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 6th day of November, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CHISOLM,
nov7 14 21 Assignee, Etc.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Daniel C. Harbert, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Daniel C. Harbert of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 6th day of November, A.D., 1868. WILLIAM Y. CHISOLM,
nov7 14 21 Assignee, Etc.

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY
No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.
A. W. SPROULE & CO.,
No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.
SPROULE & M'COWN,
No. 34 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.
SPROULE & M'COWN,
Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN
221
MAIN STREET
UNDER
WORSHAM HOUSE
MEMPHIS,
ARE NOW RECEIVING
—THEIR—
FALL & WINTER
STOCK OF GENTS'
FINE CLOTHING
—AND—
Furnishing Goods.
[Deal Exclusively in Fine
Custom-Made Goods.
HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE
BUY EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,
AND HAVING
NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY
AND EVERY
Facility the Market Affords,
WE WILL MAKE IT
TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL
TO BUY
FIRST CLASS GOODS
SPROULE & McCOWN,
221 MAIN STREET,
Under Worsham House
Memphis, Tennessee.

Osnaburgs, Osnaburgs, Osnaburgs,
Prints, Prints, Prints,
Jeans, Jeans, Jeans.
TO WHOLESALE BUYERS
WE OFFER THE
ABOVE GOODS AT LOW FIGURES
WE ASK YOU TO EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
MENKEN BROTHERS.
No. 263 Cor. Main & Court Streets

The Oldest Dry Goods and Clothing House in Memphis Twenty-Two Years in the City!
WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, FANCY AND STAPLE.
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
NOTIONS AND FURNISHING GOODS,
And Manufacturers and Dealers in
Ready-Made Clothing
IN EVERY QUALITY. ALSO,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS
229 Main St., Clay Building.
☞ Especial attention of Merchants and Dealers generally is called to examine ours, the Largest and Best Assorted Stock in this city. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in this city, or by any one this side of New York.
oct18 WALKER BROS. & CO.

REMOVAL.
200 Front Street. 200 Front Street.
On the first of September, I will remove to
200 Front Street.
ISIDOR ROSENBACH,
Rectifier, and Dealer in Liquors
aug30 3m

HARTFORD INSURANCE AGENCY.
No. 15 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.
FIRE AND INLAND POLICIES PROMPTLY ISSUED & UPON EQUITABLE TERMS
DWELLING HOUSES INSURED AT VERY CHEAP RATES
Capital Represented, : : : : : $8,000,000 00
☞ Life and Accident Insurance, at Low Cash or Participating Rates, can be obtained and Policies Granted from this Office.
sept17 3m H. P. BUTLER, General Agent.

VEHICLES.

R. O. BRADLEY,
No. 377 Main Street,
Memphis, : : : Tennessee

—DEALER IN—
CARRIAGES
ROCKAWAYS, BAROUCHES,
Park Phaetons, Fuggies, Wagons
no 4 f

TAILORS.

MURRAY & RIDGELY.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
31 Madison Street,
HAVE just received their magnificent and beautiful assortment of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS
The best and handsomest ever brought to this market. Our friends and the public will please accept our thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon us. Hoping to merit a continuance of the same in the future, we invite them all to call and examine our stock.
We have engaged the services of Major J. B. RIDDICK, formerly of J. H. Waggener & Co.'s, and he will be pleased to see and wait on his numerous friends. sept8 3m

WHEATON NURSERY
Established in 1840.
A LARGE variety of Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, Evergreens and the finest varieties of Fruit Trees, also, a full assortment of Hot House Plants and Flowers, and everything usually found in a first class Nursery, which offer for sale at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
The stock on hand having accumulated for the last few years, it becomes necessary, on account of a want of room, to dispose of the surplus which I will offer at greatly reduced prices, and cheaper than any Nursery north or south of this point can possibly furnish them.
They are the selections of the late Dr. Wheaton, whose long experience is the best guarantee of their being just only what they are represented to be, but as being peculiarly adapted to the Southern climate—a market for which he devoted his especial study.
In addition to the above, I have a very large stock of magnolias, which I can offer at greatly reduced prices, and which will be carefully packed for transportation by an experienced gardener.
Correspondence with prices and any information wanted, will be sent on application to
WADDY THOMPSON,
P. O. Box 120, Memphis, Tenn.
Terms cash or city acceptances. nov21dawlm

J. M. Alexander,
(Late of Fulton, Tenn.)
DEALER IN
New and Second-Hand Furniture,
No. 272 Second Street,
Ayres Building, - - - - MEMPHIS, TENN
☞ STORAGE SOLICITED. oct9 1m

BRICKWORK.
THOMAS CUBBINS can always be found at 191 MAIN STREET, corner Washington.
☞ Leave orders.
nov3 1m THOMAS CUBBINS.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE!
E. FEGAN,
Successor to John A. Dickinson,
256 Second Street, Irving Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
I am daily receiving all the new styles of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room, Hall and Office Furniture, which I will sell at Louisville and Cincinnati prices (adding Freight only), and offer unusual inducements to cash customers.
Park Phaetons, Fuggies, Wagons
nov11 1m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. H. S. GILLILAND,
GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES
HATS AND CAPS,
No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.
sept 1m

CUMBERLAND HOUSE
(Late Whitemore House),
Nos. 109 and 111 Adams Street
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Tobias Wolfe, : : Proprietor.
THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing to his many friends and the public generally, that he has recently taken charge of the above named House. He promises by close personal attention to the business, aided by polite and efficient assistants and attendants, to insure for his guests unsurpassed accommodation and the fullest satisfaction.
The House is centrally located, convenient to Railroad, Steamboat, Theater, Post Office, all the Churches, and in the most cleanly, quiet and respectable portion of the city. After thoroughly renovating, refitting and furnishing the establishment, he now solicits a share of the public patronage, with the assurance that they shall be made to feel at home.
TERMS:
Day Board ..... $2 00 per week
Transient ..... $2 50 per day
TOBIAS WOLFE
nov3 dawlm Sole Proprietor.

J. STOLTS,
DEALER IN
Coal, Mammoth, Petro and other
Illuminating Oils,
LAMPS, Burners and Chimneys, of every variety, also, Stoves and Tinware. County Rights for sale for the Non-explosive Mammoth Oil. Parties desiring to purchase the Petro Oil can rely upon getting the genuine Cleveland-made article only from us.
oct8 3m J. STOLTS, 56 Jefferson Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, November 20, 1868. }

FINANCE.

The money market is well supplied with currency and the demand for exchange is active at irregular rates. Our banks take all desirable bills at ½@¾c and ¼c discount, just as they happen to be supplied, and sell at par, with exceptional sales at 1-10@¼c discount. New Orleans bills are also scarce—buying at ¼@½c discount and selling at par to ¼c discount.

In the loan market we occasionally hear of a transaction, but as it is thought the movement of cotton will become active by the first of the week, our banks are holding on to currency to meet the demand which will then follow.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 134¼c and closed at 134¼c. Exchange was higher during the day; quotations at noon, 9½@10¼c. We have no sales, of course, to report, outside a few small amounts. Dealers buy at New York rates and sell at an advance of 1@2c with an active counter demand.

City Bonds are nominally unchanged. By a private dispatch, we learn that 52c was refused for a round lot in New York, with 53c asked.

City Scrip is firm, with no offerings under 85c. Tax-payers buy at 85@88c, as to amount.

County Warrants are weak. Brokers sell at 75@78c, as to amount, but are not buying except at considerably under the rates prevailing early in the week. A round lot would not find a buyer at over 72@73c; $15,000 offered at 74c was refused.

Police and School Scrip are scarce and firm at last quotations.

Mr. H. D. Bulkley, formerly Secretary of the Memphis Life and General Insurance Company, of this city, has associated himself with Messrs. Ferguson & Privett, of the Carolina Life Insurance Company. The large experience of Mr. Bulkley as a banker, and his extended acquaintance throughout this section, will give him many advantages in his present position, and by adding him to the firm, the Carolina Life has acquired a tower of strength.

The report of the Joint Committee on the Condition of the State Treasury, as well as the transactions of the Treasurer during his official term, will be found in another column.

COTTON.

At the opening in Liverpool to-day cotton was firm—Uplands, 10½d; Orleans, 11d. At noon it was unchanged and at the close was a shade better, though not quotably higher. Sales 12,000 bales. Week's sales 42 000 bales, of which 8000 were taken for export and 8000 by speculators. Stock 380,000 bales, of which 40,000 are American. Stock afloat 412,000 bales, of which 69,000 are American.

The Havre market opened quiet but steady—Tres Ordinaire, 134f.

The New York market opened quiet but steady. At noon it was very firm, with holders asking higher rates—Uplands, 24½c, asking 25c. At 1 p.m. there was a fair demand and prices firm, Low Middlings, 23½c; Middlings, 24½@24½c. At 2 p.m. there was an active demand and prices very strong, and at the close the demand was unabated, at full prices—Low Middlings, 23½c; Middlings, 24½c; Good Middlings, 25½c; Mobile, 24½c; Orleans, 25c. Sales 3000 bales.

The New Orleans market opened firm with moderate demand—Middlings, 22c; and closed without any change. Sales 3500 bales.

The firmness exhibited by holders in this market was too much for buyers, and consequently sales were light. Only a few respectable lists were sold, but in a small way there were several transactions, at prices ranging from 23½c to 22½c for Middlings. We quote as follows:

Ordinary	20 @20½
Good Ordinary	21 @21½
Low Middlings	21½@22
Middlings	22½@22½
Strict Middlings	23 @23½
Good Middlings	23½@—

The list of 900 bales held by Guy, McClellan & Co., and which has been upon the market for the past two or three days, was still unsold last evening.

While the question of direct trade attracts so much of the attention of our people, it may be well to mention that the matter has taken definite shape, by the shipment of 150 bales direct to English spinners. Messrs. N. Coronna & Co., yesterday forwarded the above amount to the Hollywood and Lee mills, located near Manchester. These mills consume about 1100 bales per week, all of which will be bought in this market, and will be shipped to them without paying the commissions of the New York brokers or going through their hands.

COTTON STATEMENT.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, November 20, 1868. }

Stock on hand and Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,810	
Received previously	76,128	77,938
		77,985
Exported to-day	1,228	
Exported previously	63,930	65,158
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		12,827

TRADE.

Business was moderately active yesterday and prices, it will be seen, are much the same as at our last. Stocks of all kinds are improving. The present cold spell will be taken advantage of by packers at all the great hog killing markets, and, we may say, some look for a very material decline in meats. New crop Louisiana sugars are becoming more plentiful in this market than at any time since the war, and prices, it is thought, will ultimately decline, but are at present firm.

Mr. Geo. W. Macrae, of the Clarksville Mills, and manufacturer of the celebrated "Gold Dust," and other brands of Tennessee flour, is in the city.

H. Furstenheim, Esq., of the firm of Newton Ford & Co., returned yesterday from New Orleans where he has been purchasing sugar, coffee and molasses for his house.

Two canals are proposed to connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans—one the route between Panama and Aspinwall bay, the other the Darien line, which is eleven miles shorter than its rival, with fewer obstructions. A company is already talked of, as we understand, with a capital of one hundred million dollars, for the construction of the former. Some estimates place the cost at thirty millions, but this is supposed to be too low a rate to be trusted with any degree of certainty. New York has a great interest in this enterprise, and that empire city will doubtless put forward all her strength to accomplish the object. The railroads across the continent will be apt to dispense the India trade to a dozen or more Western and Atlantic cities, while water communications must concentrate it at Manhattan Island.

The general clothing manufacture of New York during 1867 paid internal revenue to an amount representing a business exceeding $102,000,000. This is inclusive of all the various kinds of clothing made which were subjected to taxation, such as cloth and all textile, knitted, felted, woven, or sewed, and made of wool or cotton. Of this sum, made-up clothing represents upwards of $78,000,000, the remaining $24 000 000 belonging to cloth and other material for clothing.

GENERAL MARKETS.

APPLES—Large stock and market dull at $2 75@3 per barrel, as to quality.

BEANS—Stock of Navy is fair. Dull at $3 75@4 per bushel.

BRAN—Market dull. Sales on levee at $2@2 25. From store, $2@2 25.

BACONING—Good stock and dull; 15c lb Kentucky, 16½c; 2 lb. Kentucky, 15½@15¾c; Triple, nominally, 20c.

BACON—Light stock with very little demand. Clear sides, 19@19½c. Shoulders, 14½c. Breakfast Bacon 19@20c. Plain Canvassed Hams 16½@17c. Plain Smoked Hams 15@16c. Sugar Cured Canvassed 15@16c. All hams are dull.

BULK MEATS—Stock still very small. Clear sides, 16@16½c. Shoulders, 11½@12c.

BUTTER—Market dull. Choice Western in cubs, 38@40c. Roll, 40@42c. Goshen, 45@45c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 30@32c.

CABBAGES—Stock large. We quote at $1@3 per crate; $11@15 per hogshead; $10@11 per 100.

CHEESE—Fair stock and demand. Factory 18@18½c; E. D. 18@18½c; W. R. 17½@17½c.

COFFEE—Stock very good and prices firm at 20½@20½c for fair to choice; Java, 32@40c.

CORNMEAL—Market dull. Light weight, $1 75; full weight, $1 25@1 60 in bags; $1 75 by dozen barrel from store.

CORN—There is not much on levee but fair stock in store. We quote shelled, 75@80c; ear, 70@75c.

CHICKENS—Good supply and dull at $4 00@4 25.

CATTLE—The supply is fully equal to the demand. Choice beeves, 5@6c; second quality, 4½@5c; inferior 2 @3c, dressed 6@8c.

CRACKERS—Light supply; $4 50@5 per dozen.

EGGS—Stock light. Limed, 35c; fresh, 40c.

FLOUR—Market dull and stock large. Fine to choice family brands, $5@12.

GREASE—Fair demand at 4½@6c.

GAME—Venison, scarce and dull; saddles, 12@14c. Wild Turkeys, 75@1 25. Wild Geese, $1@1 25. Ducks, $1 50@2 25. Quails, $2@2 25. Squirrels, $1 50@1 75.

HAY—Stock of inferior large. Inferior $22@25 on levee. A flatboat load arrived to-day, but has not been put upon the market.

HIDES—Good demand. Green, 8c; green salt, 10@11c; dry salt, 18c; dry flint, 22c.

HOGS—Stock fairly equal to the demand. Selling at 7@9c gross. Dressed hogs, 12@12½c.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand with fair demand, selling at 7½@7½c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Stock air. Kegs, 19@20c; tierces 16@16½c; tub, 17@18c.

LIME—Fair stock and demand. Caps and Alabama $1 75@2; Eureka $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—Stock improving. Old Mess held at $19 in a small way. New, on levee, $20 50. From store $21.

MOLASSES—Stock improving. We quote fair to choice Louisiana, in barrels, 70@82½c. Half barrels, 75@85c; 10 gall in kegs, 80@1.

MACKEREL—New No. 1, $2 75@2 90; No. 2, $3 55@2 70; No. 3, $2 35@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates, $5 25@5 50.

OATS—We have no change to report. Stock ample. Held on levee at 60@65c and at 65@70c from store.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Few in market. We quote at $5 25@6 50 per barrel.

POTATOES—Stock very large. Northern Nebannocks, $2 25@2 50 per barrel. Peachblows, $2 75@3. Sweet Potatoes in bulk, 60@65c.

POTATOES—Very large stock. Sales of Peach Blows on levee at $2 75 in lots. Selling in a small way from store at $3@3 25. Sweet Potatoes dull at 60@65 by wagon load.

PIG IRON—Several lots received. Kegs, $3@3 25.

RICE—Fair stock. New Carolina, 11@12c; Louisiana, 9@10c.

ROPE—No demand—nominally 8@10c per lb.

SUGAR—Prices are weaker but not quotably lower. New crop Louisiana, 13½@15c for prime to choice; Island sugars, 14@15½c; coffee sugars, 15@17c.

SALT—Good stock: 280 lbs. bbls, $3 10@3 25; Liverpool sack coarse $2 60 on levee in lots; $2 75@3 for prime to choice; Island sugars, 14@15½c; coffee sugars, 15@17c.

SALT—Good stock: 280 lbs. bbls, $3 10@3 25; Liverpool sack coarse $2 60 on levee in lots; $2 75@3 for prime to choice; Island sugars, 14@15½c; coffee sugars, 15@17c. Price $2 90 on levee; $3 25 from store by single sack.

SHEEP—Very little demand. Held at $2@3 per head. Dressed, 5@8c.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $8@8.

TURKEYS—Good supply at $15 a18 per dozen.

WOOL—Large supply. Selling at $1 25@1 50 per barrel.

TOBACCO—Market firm and demand fair.

TALLOW—Fair demand at 10@11c.

WHISKY—Prices are as low as in any other market. We quote common at 70@80c. Highwines $1 00. Imitation Bourbon $1 00@1 25. Bourbon, $2@3 50. Genuine Robinson county $2@3 50.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg U. S. Mail Packet—For Vicksburg.
RUBICON.....Blake master
This splendid passenger packet will leave as above
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 12 m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov21 1t 7½ Madison street.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg U. S. Mail Packet
COMMERCIAL.....Edson master
This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
nov21 1t No. 9 Front street.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet—For Cairo, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati.
WILL S. HAYS.....Beasley master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
ROBINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
nov21 1t 254 Front street.

Regular Memphis and Cincinnati Packet.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
WILL S. HAYS.....Beasley master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
nov21 1t 7½ Madison street.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company.
For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.
CLIFTON.....Stein master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 2 st inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov21 1t 7½ Madison street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.
MARBLE CITY.....Conway master
This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
nov21 1t FRANK ALVERT, Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

For New Orleans, Vicksburg, Natchez and the Bends.
LADY GAY.....John H. Bark master
This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above
THIS DAY, 21st inst., at 5 p.m.
RICHARD W. LIGHBURNE, Agent,
nov21 1t 246 Front street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Packet.
OZARK.....H. Blasdell, Master
This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on
MONDAY, 23d inst., at 5 p.m.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent.
nov20 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet.
DES ARC.....John D. Pollock master
This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on
MONDAY, 23d inst., at 5 p.m.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents.
No. 5 Jefferson street.
Dave Hukill, Passenger Agent. nov21 1t

Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Co.
MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master
This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,
SATURDAY, 23d inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. nov19 3t

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.
For Helena, Wittsburg and St. Francis River.
The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,
SAINT FRANCIS,
Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Paine, Clerk
WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent.
nov19 1t No. 7½ Madison street.

Memphis and New Orleans Saturday Packet.
HENRY AMES.....Geo. W. Boyd, Master
J. S. Sedam, Clerk.
THIS splendid steamer will enter the trade as a regular SATURDAY PACKET, leaving Memphis
Saturday, November 28, at 5 p.m.,
And every alternate Saturday thereafter throughout the season.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
No. 7½ Madison street.
nov21 1f LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 291 Front street.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER GEORGE W. CHEEK
Leaves Memphis every day for Mound City at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m. and 6 p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., and 1 and 4 p.m. Passing at foot of Washington street.
MARK R. CHEEK, Master.
nov21 1t

To Cotton Buyers and Shippers.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND PREPARED to make
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES
On all Cotton consigned to Messrs. DAVID DOWS & CO., New York.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
nov21 1m 246 Front Street.

Yeast for Distilleries.

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish to Distilleries, No 1 Stock Yeast, for distilling purposes, at the shortest notice. Orders left at No. 1, Gayoso's Row, will be promptly filled.
nov19 2w* F. BRODI.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad
TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a.m.
Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.
JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
oc2 General Superintendent.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Orleans Express, daily	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Accommodation, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight daily, except Sunday	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aug16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail, (daily)	12:45 p.m.	12:40 p m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	12:01 a.m

(This train does not leave Saturdays.)
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at..... 6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)..... 8:25 a.m. 5:10 p.m

Railroad time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Co.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	5:30 a.m.	2:45 p.m
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	5:15 p.m.	6:25 a.m
" City time	5:35 p.m.	

BROWNSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leave Memphis, Railroad time..... 4:30 p.m
" " City time..... 4:10 p.m
Arrive..... 9:30 a.m
Ticket offices No. 278 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM B JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

Weather clear and cool, but is moderating rapidly. The river at this point fell three inches in the past 24 hours. We have no later news from White river. The Arkansas rose 6 feet on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday morning, but was falling yesterday. There is now probably 8 feet to Little Rock. News from above will be found in our telegraphic columns.

Arrivals.

Steamer City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Linton, Evansville.
" Commercial, Vicksburg.
" Cornelia, New Orleans.
" Mayflower, White River.

Departures.

Steamer City of Cairo, St. Louis.
" Cornelia, St. Louis.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.
" Agnes, White River.
" Cora S., Arkansas River.
" Indiana, New Orleans.

In Port.

Clifton, W. S. Hays, Linton, Louisa, Mayflower.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business was moderately active on the levee yesterday. The City of Cairo had a good passenger trip and 300 bales of cotton for St. Louis. The Indiana did not get away until last evening. She was well loaded, and added 500 bales of cotton at this port.

Capt. John Scudder, Secretary of the St. Louis Packet Company, and E. B. Byington, Esq., agent of the line, are in the city. They arrived yesterday, and will no d ubt have a gay old time, as neither of them are strict members of the church.

J. H Willett, Esq., of Minneapolis, Minn., is in town, and will shortly embark in some enterprise.

The Rubicon, Capt. Bill Blake, will pass down at noon to day for Vicksburg. She is a good passenger packet. Alf. Grissim is in her office.

The Lady Gay, Capt. John Burk, leaves for New Orleans to-day at 5 p.m. John Tatum is clerk of the Gay.

The fine U. S. mail steamer Commercial, Capt. John Edson, with Jimmy Thompson and Alex. Waddell in the office, came up yesterday from Vicksburg, with over 100 bales of cotton and a fair trip. We are rejoiced to see the Old Reliable winning laurels in her new trade. She made safely one landings on the down trip, and brought orders for a large lot of goods. Our shippers must not forget that she leaves again to day for Vicksburg and the bends. Under the control of polite and attentive officers as these who now control her movements, the Commercial will prove a success.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, with Mr. Corbyn in the office, leaves for Cairo and St. Louis to day at 4 p.m., making all railroad connections for the North and East.

The City of Cairo will in the future leave for St. Louis on Thursday.

The Will S. Hays, Capt. Beasley, will positively get away to-day for Cincinnati and way landings. She has nearly a full load engaged, Mr. Norton is the popular chief clerk of the Hays.

The Des Arc is the regular Monday packet for White river.

The Ozark, Capt. Blasdell, leaves on Monday for all points on the Arkansas. She is the U. S. mail packet.

The fine steamer Capt. Frank Stein, backs out to-day at 5 p.m. for Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati. She will go through without delay. Hunter is her accommodating secretary.

The U. S mail packet Mayflower, Capt. Ashford, is the regular White river steamer to day. She makes connection with the Little Rock train and with boats for the upper White river, as well as with the handsome Guidon, Capt. Clay Rice, for Pine Bluff on the Arkansas. Charley Smither is clerk of the Mayflower, and her table is supervised by Mr. Griffith, a competent steward.

Mr. Sam. Wood, one of our cleverest river clerks, leaves to-day for Cincinnati to join Reese Pritchard's new Arkansas river packet.

The carpet-bagger Houston has left us forever. He is in Cincinnati where we hope he will stay.

Capt. Bowman's new St. Francis is on her way to this port. We will look at her and say what we think after she arrives.

The Commercial connects with the Guidon at the mouth of White river.

The Magenta went into New Orleans with 3515 bales of cotton, and left there Thursday evening for this port.

The Bismarck will pass up to day and the Louisiana to morrow. The Nick Longworth will be due from below on Tuesday.

The first ice gorge of the season is reported. It occurred on the 19th in the Missouri, north of Plattsmouth.

Navigation has almost ceased above the rapids on the upper Mississippi, and is entirely suspended in the Missouri above St. Jo. Boats generally have sought winter quarters.

One of the handsomest equipages driven at Newport last summer was owned by a gentleman who five years ago was fireman on one of the river steamboats.

A steamboat twenty-two feet in length, and carrying eighteen persons, has been built on Washoe lake, Nevada. It has a brass engine weighing seventy-five pounds. It is intended for a pleasure boat, and it is proposed by a party to take the boat by wagon and railroad to Wadsworth, thence by Truckee to Pyramid lake, the many wonders of which will be thoroughly explored.

Geo. Humphreys says that contractors on river and harbor improvements very frequently fail to comply with their contracts, especially unless they are greatly to the advantage of the contractor. A change in the mode of procedure is recommended, and it is advisedth t authority be granted to the engineers in charge of these works to purchase material in open market and employ labor by the day in cases where contractors wait in their contracts, as experience has proved the system of contracts prescribed in the appropriating acts to be the worst possible mode of carrying on the improvements of rivers and harbors.

Prof. Fontaine, of New Orleans, is in Cincinnati, and has given to the business men of that city a brief explanation of his plan for removing the obstruction to the foreign trade of the Valley of the Mississippi, at the bar of the Southwest Pass. This is the deepest mouth of the river, and there is only fifteen feet depth of water in the channel. Eighteen feet have been obtained temporarily by persistent dredging; but, in spite of all the methods heretofore applied, in the midst of the business season vessels attempting to get loaded out of the river are often detained for months. An instance of the kind occurred not long since, when fifty-two vessels were detained six weeks, at a loss estimated by the Chamber of Commerce of more than five millions of dollars. To prevent such occurrences, and to remove permanently this great impediment, a plan was presented to the Academy of Sciences, and adopted by it, after its indorsement by a committee of able engineers, familiar with the peculiarities of the river.

These engineers say, in their report, that the plan presented by Prof. Fontaine, at a very small expense, will "effectually remove the bar at the Southwest Pass, and keep it permanently open," and make the Mississippi river navigable to the largest class of vessels known to commerce. They also state that it will remove the bars of the main river and its principal tributaries, wherever it is applied, give fixedness to its banks, and so deepen its channel, if it is generally applied, and lower its bed by erosion, so as ultimately to prevent overflows.

We are indebted to that sterling live paper, the St. Louis *Times* for the following report of the proceedings of the Steamboatmen's Convention:

The Convention re-assembled on Wednesday, and continued in session throughout the entire day. The subjects treated upon were very varied, and of much general importance to the owners of steamboat property on our Western rivers—among which the following received due consideration, viz: The re-shipment of freights at Cairo by the Cumberland packets and the Evansville and Cairo packets. "The prices of freights to be established by the different associations at points where railroad competition is at hand." The making of a tariff of prices for up stream freights from New Orleans, and the classification of freights and tariffs for the various associations.

It was decided that the reshipment of freights from Cairo should be upon the basis of an agreed price, as fixed by the St. Louis Association, and not upon a divide or pro-rate as heretofore. The New Orleans Association hereafter will make rates for all Northern bound freights. Many other subjects of interest to owners of steam stock were discussed, and for want of time and preparation laid over until the 31 of January, when a meeting of the Union Association will be held in New Orleans, at which they will be passed upon. The various delegations expressed themselves well pleased with their visit and the result of their labors, and after a quiet dinner at the Southern, left for their homes.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL
—OF—
HERZOG & BRO.
To No. 291 Main Street,
Clark's Marble Block,
—AND—
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

WE have removed to our new and large store, 294 Main street, Clark's Marble Block, and opened a large and new stock of
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Plantation Supplies, Notions, Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods.
We shall offer our entire stock at PRICES OF EVERY ARTICLE IN THE TRADE that will at lower rates than ever before our Dress Goods, Shawls, Blankets, Osnaburgs, Jeans, Plaids &c.
Give us a call and see for your self.
HERZOG & BRO.,
294 Main Street,
nov15 1m Clark's Marble Block.

REMOVAL.
L. ROCCO,
No. 249 Main St.,
Opposite Odd-Fellows' Hall.
TO THE PUBLIC.

I HAVE removed my place of business from the corner of Second and Madison streets to the above named place, where I will be glad to meet all my friends and customers.
Candies in all Variety, Cakes, Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, of Choice Quality.
My Candies are all manufactured from the purest Sugars and Confectionaries them free from any and all the numerous adulterations so often used by unscrupulous manufacturers
I shall continue to carry on the GROCERY BUSINESS in connection with the Confectionary, as usual.
Remember the place, No. 249 Main street, opposite Odd Fellow's Hall.
nov15 1m L. ROCCO.

REMOVAL!
W. P. WRIGHT,
Produce & Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
HAY, CORN, OATS, BRAN, ETC.
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 11 Monroe St.
nov15 1m (Price & Yeatman's Old Stand).

SEWING MACHINE.
GROVER & BAKER'S
HIGHEST PREMIUM
ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.
Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both threads directly from the spools.
No fastening of seams by hand, and no waste of thread.
Wide range of application without change of adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and Ornamental work.
☞ The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representative of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.
Send for Circular.
GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
nov1 1m 315 Main Street.

B. BRANDON,
Dealer in Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods.
COAL, Land and Locomotive Oils. Jobbing and repairing promptly executed by competent workmen. 266 Front street, near Madison, opp. Steamboat Landing. nc vl3 daw

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.
Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:
Going West—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.
Going East—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.
The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.
Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.
Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. N. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.
Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.
☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.
au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.
NEW FREIGHT ARRANGEMENTS

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS ARE INformed that a
JOINT FREIGHT TARIFF
Has been arranged between Memphis and Stations on the MISSISSIPPI CENTRAL RAILROAD, by which Freights are delivered at those points
Without Change of Cars or Transfer
The inconvenience and delays heretofore existing will be obviated by this arrangement, and we are satisfied will prove of GREAT IMPORTANCE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS.
Tariffs and other information can be had by application at 25½ Main street, or at the depot.
A. S. LIVERMORE,
General Superintendent.

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.
Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868
Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:30 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Indianapolis (railroad time)	5:50 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	9:50 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	6:00 p.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	1:55 p.m.
" Cleveland	2:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	6:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	2:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.
The 3:15 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.
Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,
Can be procured at the Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.
☞ Baggage Checked at Depot only by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences or on board boats, to all principal points in and North.
SAM. E. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep13

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company, Semi-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers LIBERTY No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Semi-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains of the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs. Returning will leave Jacksonport every Tuesday and Saturday at 12 o'clock m.
JOHN B. DAVIS,
Supt. M. and W. R. Packet Co.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.

Card Rates Memphis and White River Packet Company.

FROM MEMPHIS —TO—	Per 100 pounds	Dry Barrels	Salt	Pork	Whiskey	Molasses	Corn, Oats and Bran
Des Arc	25	60	60	75	1 00	1 25	35
August—Searcy	40	60	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	35
Grand Gloze, Jacksonport	50	75	1 00	1 25	1 50	1 75	40
Powhattan, Pocahontas	75	1 25	1 25	1 50	2 00	2 75	75

*And all Way Landings.
JOHN B. DAVIS Superintendent.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
oc29 tf No. 250 Front Row.

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,
MAGENTA
Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS
MISSISSIPPI,
Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CREIGHTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.
Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.
MART WALT & CO., Agents,
No. 272 Front street.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
No. 250 Front Row.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
7½ or Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.
au12 tf

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packets.
THE ELEGANT STEAMER
COMMERCIAL
CAPTAIN JOHN EDSON,
WILL leave Memphis on SATURDAY, November 7th, for Vicksburg and the Bends and will continue regular by in the trade leaving here every Saturday, and Vicksburg for Memphis every Tuesday. Strict attention will be paid to all way business in the Bends.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents.
oc31 tf 250 Front street.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER
Packet Compa'y.
NOTICE

IS hereby given, that an organization has been effected under a charter granted by the Legislature of Tennessee, November 17, 1866, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company."
JOHN D. ADAMS,
J. M. TEBBETTS,
T. A. KENDIG,
L. L. WILSON,
M. L. HAINES,
HARRISON BLASDEL,
} Directors.
The Line of Boats known as the "Memphis and Arkansas River U. S. Mail Packet Company," is merged in the chartered company.
JOHN D. ADAMS, President.
J. M. TEBBETTS, Secretary.
☞ The following boat will each make a trip a week until the new boats of the Company now being built, are finished; leaving MEMPHIS on Mondays, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 5 o'clock p.m:
Thursday, 5th or W. A. Caldwell, Haines Master.
Monday, Steamer Ozark, Rowland, Haines Master.
Connecting at Little Rock with the steamers Van Buren, Fort Smith and American, for all Points above as high as Fort Gibson.
From the 1st to the 10th of November the new boats will be finished, and the Company will then run four boats from Memphis through to Fort Smith, giving direct communication with all points on the river, the Arkansas river now being in good navigable condition. Passengers and freight will be through to all points on the river without delay, and at reasonable rates.
All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, shall have their goods consigned to JNO. D. ADAMS, Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to W. W. JOHNSON, Napoleon, Ark.
JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
304 Front street, Mosby Block.

UNDERTAKERS.
B. MCCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS
McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL
UNDERTAKERS
—AND—
EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,
No 300 Second Street,
Near Monroe.
Memphis, - - Tennessee,
METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ia2

INSURANCE.
MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH
—OF THE—
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENN.
Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building
Assets, : : : $4,000,000
Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.
DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:
HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, Menken & Co.
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank.
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law.
R. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. R. J. Semmes & Co.
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert.
CHARLES KORFFRECHT, Attorney at Law.
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Trezevant & Co.
JOHN MCHENRY, of Messrs. Mroon & Co.
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.
M. P. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.
MEDICAL EXAMINERS:
R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICK, M.D.
GENERAL AGENT,
JOHN F. WILKERSON,
For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.
MANAGERS:
S. B. CLARKE & CO.
feb18

HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a saf